Previous references. 1892-3 13 of 92-3

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Separate Lesgame

S.R. File No ~~1892-3~~

Serial Nos. 1-19

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1-19

Master —~~Part B.~~ for April 1898

SUBJECT

Remuneration to the Village officials in connection with Toddy work.

Contents

81. From the Controller Mysore Govt No 2577 of 13th July
Requests to be furnished with copies of Sanction that
have been accorded to the establishment — and Removals
payable to Shanbhogues and Patels in connection with the
new Toddy Scheme —

82. From (1) the Dy Commrs of Districts —
(2) the Controller Mysore Govt
(3) The Excise Commissioner in Mysore

No 1597-1606 of 26th July 1892 —

R.F. 17-92 — that copies of Communications &c.
G. R. S. 56 Orders
ding the details called for in Para 3 of Proc No 1019-29-7 dt
12th April 1892 be forwarded to the Dy Commrs of Dists
[illegible] that no further time be
[illegible]

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Sl 3 From the Excise Commissioner in Mysore
No 561 Dt 10th July 1892
A-17-92
Requests that the Dy Comrs' proposals for the Employment of Village officers and Servants in the Manner laid down in para 12 & 13 of Govt Procs No 1019-29 Dt 12th Nov 1891 and their Remuneration therefore may be submitted at a very early date with the Excise Comrs' remarks and Suggestions.

Sl 4. From the Excise Comrs in Mysore
No 198 Dt 16th July 1894.
States that the report regarding the proposal to employ village officials on certain works connected with toddy will be submitted on receipt of replies from the Dy Comrs. Bangalore, Kolar & Tumkur

Sl 5. To the Excise Commissioner in Mysore
No 15339 Dt 18th March 1895
States R 2207 that as orders will have to be passed on each District report, it will be preferable to receive the proposals of each Dy Comrs separately with the Excise Comrs observations & suggestions thereon & upon the replies from the 5 Districts already received & the remainders sent to the 3 other Dy Comrs to furnish the reports, without further delay.

Sl 6. From the Excise Comrs in Mysore
No 4095 Dt 30th March 1895
386
Forwards with opinion copy of correspondence from the Dy Comrs, Tumkur & Kolar - the Remunerations with the toddy work.

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Sl 7. From the Ex. Comm in Mysore
No 4096 Dt 30th March 1895.
Submits (35) with opinion copy of Communication from the Dy Comm Hassan Dt Regarding Remuneration to Village Officials in Connection with Toddy work

Sl 8. From the Excise Comm in Mysore
No 4097 Dt 30-3-1895
(38)
In continuation of the above Submits his opinion on the proposal of the Dy Comm Dt, Kadur Dt, which has been referred to him regarding Remuneration to Village Officials in Connection with Toddy Work

Sl 9. From the Excise Comm in Mysore
No 4147 Dt 2nd April 1895
324
Forwards with opinion Copy of Communication from the Dy Comm Shimoga Dt, Regarding Remuneration to Village Officials in Connection with toddy work

Sl 10 From the Excise Comm in Mysore
No 4149 Dt 3rd April 1895
(39)
In continuation of the above forwards with opinion copy of communication from the Dy Comm, Bangalore Dt re-remuneration to Village Officials in Connection with toddy work

Sl 11. From the Ex. Comm in Mysore
No 4148 Dt 3rd April 1895
395
Forwards with opinion copy of communication from the Dy Comm Chitaldroog Dt together with their original

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enclosures re - remuneration to Village officials in connection with the Toddy Work

Sl 12. From the Head Assistant Commissioner in Mysore
No 4547 dated 23rd April 1895 -
States at 2 3 5 that the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Mysore have been called upon to submit their proposals for the grant of Remuneration to Village officials in connection with toddy work.

Sl 13 From the Head Assistant Commissioner in Mysore
No 1429 dated 8th September 1895
In continuation of the above forwards copy of Communication from the D.C. Mysore dt. & States that under the circumstances mention remuneration is needed to Village officials in connection with Toddy work.

Sl 14. From the Head Assistant Commissioner in Mysore
No 1496 dated 1-10-95 -
States at 5 4 that the Report of the Mysore Asst. re - Remuneration to Village officials in Connection with toddy work

Sl 15. From the Head Assistant Commissioner in Mysore No 461/147 dated 21-7-95
In continuation of his No 1429 referred to in Sl 13 forwards copy of Communication from the Deputy Commissioner Kolar dated 16-7-95 together with its original enclosures containing proposals for Remuneration to Village officials in connection with toddy work.

Sl. 16. From the Head Assistant Commissioner in Mysore No 527/61 dated 24-7-95
States that the proposals for the grant of Remuneration to Village officials in connection with Toddy work in the Kolar District were submitted with his letter No 461/57 referred to in the above.

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[illegible]17

To The Excise Commr in Allyspore
No 8878 Dt 19-3-28
Cm 346

Request the Hr. Commr to report the tree tax system with the agency now employed to work is will affect the proposals made by him in the above that should the Commr deem that any modified proposals are necessary, the same maybe submitted after the consultation with the Dy Commrs of Dists.

2 18. From the Excise Commr in Allyspore.
No 7069 Dt 26-5-28
State No 322 ces under the tree tax system a large staff of petty Officers have been organised the Special help of Village Officials for the conservancy of date groves is not required and therefore the necessity for granting the remuneration for such work, has ceased to exist.

2 19 To the Excise Commr in Allyspore
No 9791 Dt 13-4-28.
Cm 392

Recd the above
Indorsed

Ramaji Nageraj Rao

For orders

Memorandum

Subject:- Remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work

SECTION S 85
FILE No. 15 of 1897
SERIAL No.

Last Reference:- Excise Commr's No: 527/61 of 25th July/96.

In issuing instructions for carrying into effect the new scheme for the administration of the Toddy Revenue, Govt: called for certain proposals regarding the remuneration to village officials connected with Toddy work. The substance of the replies now received after several reminders from this office is given below:—

See last paras 12 & 13 of Serial No: (1) on the file.

I Bangalore Dy: Comm:-

Says that no remuneration is needed to village officials, as no improvement can be brought about thereby. In case of vanas containing not less than 1,000 trees, one or more Toddies may be employed, Rs 5/- a year per ½ acre. If the

Vide Enclosure to Excise Commr's letter No 4149 &

number is 10,000 or more watchers are thought necessary. Totels need not be paid any remuneration and if they are paid at all, Rs 2 per 1000 trees upto a maximum of 30 may be paid. In a statement drawn up by him showing the cost of conservancy, the Dy Comm recommends the employment of 3 watchers, one at Hosahalli of the Doddaballapur Taluk, another at Kolar of the Chennapatna Taluk & the 3rd at Havohalli of the Kankanhalli Taluk containing 10,000, 21,600 & 12,000 trees respectively.

II Kolar Deputy-Comm:- Vide Excise Commrs No 2461-57 & 21st July 1896.

A maximum of Rs 60/- is deemed sufficient to remunerate patels of villages containing 40,000 trees and upwards. Number of Totles to be fixed according to the extent of each vana, their maximum pay being Rs 12/- each. Recommends the following scale of remuneration:-

No: of trees -	Remuneration Patels.	Totles.
1 - 250	3	2
250 - 500	6	4

No: of trees-	Patels	Toties
500 to 1,000	8	5
1,000 to 2,000	10	6
2,000 to 5,000	12	8
5000 to 10,000	18	12
10,000 to 20,000	24	Two toties Rs 9 each
20,000 to 30,000	36	3 toties on Rs 9 each
30,000 to 40,000	48	3 toties on Rs 12 each
40,000 & upwards	60	4 toties o Rs 12 each

Enclosure to Excise Commr's
No 4095/386 of 30th Decr 95.

III Tumkur Dy Commr:-

Says that no remunera
is needed for collecting Toddy
Revenue, but thinks rewards
necessary to Patels and Toties fo
conservancy and improvement
of Toddy Topes and wants Rs 500
per annum for the purpose.

Do — No 1429/147 of 23rd Septr 95.

IV. Mysore Dy: Commr: —

States that no ~~reward~~
remuneration is needed to
village officials as they had done
no work, and that their services
are not necessary for collecting
Toddy Revenue.

VI. Hassan Dy: Commr:—

No remuneration is needed to village officials as, when once the Scheme is set going, their work will only be to detect offences which is a duty requiring no remuneration. But however recommends ~~of~~ ~~Rs~~ ~~to~~ ~~Toties~~ the Toties being paid at the rate of 1 Rupee per mensem.

Enclosure to Excise Com no: Do No 4096 & 30th March/98. 387

VII. Shimoga Dy: Commr:— —Do— No 4147 & 2nd April/98. 394

Forwards the memo of the Asst: Commr: in charge of the Excise Department who recommends 2% of the collections to Patels for work connected with both shops and vanas & 1% to Shanbhogs ~~at 1% ; ½ to Toties~~ to the Toties also Rs 10/- per annum to guard vanas, and wants ~~Rs 2106-3-0~~ Rs 2106-3-0 for the purpose or nearly 5% of the Toddy collections.

VII. Kadur Dy: Commr:—

Kulkarnies or Talwars of villages containing vanas are —Do— No 4097 & 30th March/98. 388

recommended Rs 12/- each per annum. Patels and Shanbhogs of villages not containing vanas to get no remuneration & of villages containing vanas to get Rs 24/- when the revenue exceeds Rs 1000/- and Rs 12/- when the revenue is between 100/- & 1000/- and nothing when it is below Rs 100/-. Says that he has not proposed any remuneration to the Patels of villages of other districts supplying Toddy to the Talukas of Kadur Dt:, nor to Patels of villages where trees are on occupied lands, nor to those of Jodi villages. Does not like that accounts of Toddy consumption should be kept by village officials and thinks that ~~remuneration~~ they need not be paid any remuneration for collecting Toddy Revenue.

VIII. Chitaldroog Dy: Comms:- Vide Excise Commrs No 4148/395 dated 3rd April/95:

Wants a maximum of 5% of collections to remunerate the village officials. Recommends ½ to 2% to patels and shanbhogs and 1% to Jotis. Proposes for villages which have shops or vanas only 1½% of collection, when the revenue does not exceed Rs 500/-; when the Revenue is between 500 & 1000, 1½% for the first 500/ and 1% for the 2nd 500/-; and when upwards of 1000, ½%. For villages having shops and Vanas, proposes 2% when the revenue is 500/-; 2% for the 1st 500/- 1½% for the 2nd 500/- when the revenue is between 500 and 1,000; and 1% when the revenue is above 1,000/-. The minimum amount proposed is Rs 5/- to Patels and Shanbhogs in charge of shops and vanams

and Rs 4/- in charge of Shops o
vanams and Rs 3/- to village
Servants in charge of utilized
vanams.

Excise Comm^r :-

Vide letter No 4095/386 of 30-3-95.

Concurs ~~accepts~~ with the Dy
Comm^r of Tumkur (& other Dy:
Comm^rs also except those of
Shimoga & Chitaldroog) in Says
that nothing should be paid for
collecting Toddy Revenue as the
help of the village officials is no
needed for the purpose, the farm
paying their dues direct into the
Treasury. Says that rewards a
only to be given to informa
of Excise offences, and recomm
permanent remuneration fo
conservancy and improvem
of Toddy groves in Govt: un
-occupied lands on the following
Scale calculated on the number
of trees fit for tapping :-

Trees	Remuneration	
50	2/-	Two Thirds to be paid to the Patail, and one Third to Tohies and Talaries.
50 to 100	4/-	
100 to 500	5/-	
500 to 1,000	10/-	
1,000 to 5,000	12/-	
For every Thousand & fraction thereof (not less than 500) above 5 Thousand.	1/-	

Disapproves of the remuneration calculated at a certain percentage on the Toddy Revenue collected. Wants special watchmen for new plantations. Details the various causes by which trees are now being destroyed and urges the necessity for the services of the village officials to prevent the destruction. Recommends that unoccupied Govt. lands containing Toddy trees may be exempted from Kulbani sales, the grass thereon being allowed to be cut and removed for any price, with a direction not to injure plants or to allow cattle

Note. This has already been recognized by the Govt. in the orders passed on the applications of Srirangapatna agent of the Sringeri Mutt for certain waste lands containing Date trees for tapping purposes.

for grazing. States that this —
opinion is applicable to all
the districts except Thayetmo regar
which he concurs with the Depu
Commr in that no remunera
is needed to the village official
of that Dt: —

2. It is not clearly
stated in any of the reports
of the Deputy Commrs or of
the Excise Commr what prac
-cal effect has been given to t
instructions laid down in pa
12(a) & (b) of Govt: Procs No:
1019-29 x
Cis 4 of 12th April 1892
and how the village servants
have been employed on Road
work. Thus with regard to
two distinct items of work
for which the Govt: require,
the services of the
officials should be
utilized: —
(1) Conservancy of Jake grou

Serial No (1) on the file.

(2) collection of Toddy Revenue;

The majority of the Deputy Commrs state that the services of these officials with regard to the 2nd item of work — (collection business) will be of no use whatever. The Excise Commrs concurs in the — opinion of the Deputy Commissioners and reports that there is no difficulty whatever in the collection of Toddy-Revenue, as almost all the farmers pay their instalments direct to the Treasury ~~on the printed challans furnished~~ to them. It is only with regard to conservancy work that the Deputy Commrs (except those of Shimoga and Chitaldroog who propose remuneration to collection work also at 1 or 2 per cent on the amount collected) propose that the

village servants might with advantage be employed and the Excise Commr agreeing as already stated above with them, recommends the following scale of remuneration for all the Districts such remuneration being applicable only to the No: of trees on Govt unoccupied land and fit for tapping:—

No: of trees	Remuneration
50 trees	Rs 2
50 to 100 "	— 4
100 to 500 "	— 5
500 to 1000 "	— 10
1000 to 5000 "	— 12
For every additional thousand or fraction thereof (not being less than 500)	— 1

Of the above amount, the Excise Commr proposes that two thirds be given to Patels and one third to Tolies and Talari It is already laid down in Govt: Prop: of 12th April/92, para 12(a) that a village servant

Serial No (1) on the file.

(Kulwadi, Talari or Joti) must be employed for the conservancy work under the orders of Patel and for this purpose, he should be paid Rs10 or 12 a year.

3. The points for settlement are :—

(1) Whether the ~~patels and~~ Shanbhogues should also be remunerated for the work in connection with the conservancy of date trees, and if so, what is the nature of work they are required to do.

(2). Whether it is practicable ~~or not~~ to utilize the services of the Patels and Shanbhogues in the manner laid down in para 12(b) of Govt: Proc, dt. 12th April 1892.

Submitted for orders.

Serial No (1) on the file

26/9/96

Submitted.

This file had been obtained from Secretary, as the asstt secretary wanted it for reference in connection with the unanswered letters just received from the Exp. Comm.; It is now resubmitted for orders.

Since this case was [illegible] a material change in the system of Cadet administration has been effected. In other words the new system has been definitely introduced in lieu of its being made permanent by an Executive Order. Under the new system the Cadet is not required to have had any college training before entering the Academy. Under the old system the applicant could not enter the Academy unless he had completed [illegible]

(General Serial No. 30.)

1892.

13 JUL. 92 R 94 MYSORE

From The Comptroller Mysore

SECTION SR

FILE No. RE 91 1672-3

SERIAL No. 1

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore

Dated 12th "

Despatched 13" July 92

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 257

No

Requesting to be furnished with Copies of sanction that may have been accorded for the establishment and remuneration payable to Shanbogues and Patails in connection with the new Toddy Scheme.

Rev. Mem 13/7.

Draft Sd

JD

22/7/92

To Revenue Commissioner Bangalore 13/7/92

No. 257

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF MYSORE,

Bangalore, 12th July 1892.

3

From

~~A. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR, Esq.,~~

The Comptroller of Mysore.

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore

SIR,

Adverting to para 13 of Government Proceedings 10/9. 29 circular 4 dated 12th April 1892, I have the honor to request to be furnished with copies of sanction that may have been accorded for the establishment and remuneration payable to Shanbogs and Potels in connection with the new Toddy scheme.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedt servant.

By Capt.

For Comptroller.

1892.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

REVENUE.

PROCEEDINGS.

Dated 12*th April* 1892.

No. 1019-29.
Cir. 4.

Issuing instructions for carrying into effect the new scheme for the administration of the Toddy Revenue.

Mysore Govt. Central Press, Bangalore.—21-4-92.—250.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 12th April 1892.

1

READ AGAIN :—

Proceedings Camp No. 323—33, dated 24th September 1891.

Proceedings No. 14237-46—Cir. 211, dated 14th March 1892.

No. 1019-29—CIR. 4, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH APRIL 1892.

ORDER THEREON.—In the first of the orders cited above, are fully detailed the circumstances under which it was decided to make a new departure in the system of Toddy Administration by substituting for the former method of selling the exclusive right of drawing and vending toddy *by Districts*, a system of selling that right by *shops* and *groves*. Two Special Officers, Mr. J. G. McDonnell and Mr. B. Gopalaiengar, were deputed to conduct these sales all over the Province and to help the Deputy Commissioners in settling the details of the arrangements required for the introduction of the new scheme by the 1st April 1892, when the contracts under the old system were to expire. The work which demanded considerable tact from the officers entrusted with it has, the Government are glad to note, been completed in proper time and in a manner generally satisfactory.

2. The financial results have been eminently satisfactory, the expected revenue for the current official year under the new scheme being Rs. 14,02,887—4—7, inclusive of Local Cess, against Rs. 9,74,063—14—4 under the contract which has just expired, showing an increase of Rs. 4,28,823—6—3.

3. Such marked success could not have been obtained for the new scheme, in the very first year of its introduction but for the active interest taken by the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, and under their guidance by Amildars (with four exceptions to be hereafter noted) and Deputy Amildars, who, by their energy and industry, contributed in no small measure to the satisfactory completion of the new settlement. Under such circumstances, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to direct that his appreciation of the good work which has been done be communicated to Deputy Commissioners and to the two Special Officers above named, and, through the Deputy Commissioners, to the Amildars and Deputy Amildars concerned, except the marginally named four Amildars who appear to have failed to exert themselves, and regarding whose conduct the Deputy Commissioners will be requested to report in due course with their explanation.

(1) Venkat Rao, Amildar of Chintamani.
(2) Narsinga Rao, Amildar of Channagiri.
(3) Ramaswamaiya, Amildar of Malvalli.
(4) Solomon Leighton, Amildar of Hiriyur.

4. The result of the settlement now made for each District is given in the following statement:—

Districts.	Present Revenue with Cess.			Government Shops.			Government Vanams.			Jaggory Ovens.			Total Government with Cess.			Inam Shops.			Inam Groves.			Total all Items with Cess.		
BANGALORE	1,49,811	8	4	2,18,885	10	0	... ...			... ...			2,18,885	10	0	3,508	6	0	3,181	2	0	2,25,575	2	0
KOLAR	83,597	8	0	1,25,049	5	6	... ...			... ...			1,25,049	5	6	5,628	1	0	2,699	4	6	1,33,376	11	0
TUMKUR	1,54,062	8	0	2,22,920	9	8	... ...			2,888	0	0	2,25,758	9	8	6,630	8	6	1,322	4	6	2,33,711	6	8
HASSAN	76,021	14	0	1,06,935	5	0	... ...			... ...			1,06,935	5	0	1,989	0	0	643	7	0	1,09,577	12	0
SHIMOGA	22,429	6	0	38,743	0	0	... ...			... ...			38,743	0	0	318	12	0	167	14	0	39,229	10	0
KADUR	35,881	11	0	48,632	8	0	... ...			... ...			48,632	8	0	...	...	...	76	8	0	48,709	0	0
CHITALDROOG	1,48,856	4	0	1,80,815	3	8	... ...			5,087	4	0	1,85,902	7	8	1,429	1	0	...	...	...	1,87,331	8	8
MYSORE	3,03,402	3	0	3,78,182	10	6	17,121	9	0	... ...			3,95,304	3	0	18,819	9	0	11,252	6	3	4,25,376	2	3
TOTAL.....	9,74,063	14	4	13,20,164	3	10	17,121	9	0	7,925	4	0	13,15,211	0	10	38,323	5	6	19,352	14	3	14,02,887	4	7

The total revenue of Rs. 14,02,887—4—7, shown in the foregoing statement, is inclusive of the Toddy Revenue of Inam villages, which amount t Rs. 38,323—5—6, for shops, and Rs. 19,352—14—3, for groves. Tota Rs. 57,676—3—9. The net revenue to Government is thus Rs. 13,45,211-0-1(

5. The detailed settlement made under the new scheme led necessarily to th investigation of the value of the Toddy Revenue of Inam villages. The result which have been obtained will enable the Government to dispose, in the mos satisfactory manner possible, of the claims of Inamdars entitled to the Todd Revenue under their sannads, and in the meantime there will be adopted th system of indicating in the accounts the Toddy Revenue of Inamdars separat and distinct from the Government revenue. The maximum amount which th Inamdars can possibly claim now is Rs. 57,676—3—9, as shown above, but i is liable to be reduced upon an investigation of Inamdars' claims, some o which may have to be rejected as not supported by sannads or recognize long enjoyment. The Deputy Commissioners should now very carefully in quire into these claims and submit a full report in each case for the order of Government.

6. The new scheme will further improve the condition of the class o Idigars whose vocation is drawing toddy from date trees, and who by hereditar usage are interested in the conservancy of date groves, but who had been muc neglected by the contractors under the old system.

7. The ready realization of the increased revenue according to the nev settlement and indeed its smooth and satisfactory working depend upon th interest which Local Revenue officers continue to take in the matter. The Gov ernment accordingly resolve to leave to Deputy Commissioners the practica working of the settlement now completed. The Deputy Commissioners shoul impress upon their Amildars to regard the administration of the Toddy Revenu as an important part of their duty.

8. It must be a first axiom in the working of the new settlement that n farmer shall, without the previous express consent of the Deputy Commissioner in any way, disturb the arrangement made as regards the grouping of shops an assignment of vanams. It is understood that in a good many cases, where grove or vanam used to supply toddy to several shops, the new settlemen allows the farmer of each shop to resort to the *mamul* portion of the grov from which his shop used to draw its supply during the past contract. In suc cases, if any disputes arise, they should be promptly dealt with to the satisfac tion of all parties concerned.

9. In order to prevent the possibility of such disputes occurring hereafte and generally to facilitate the future Toddy administration, it is necessary tha every grove required for the purpose of the Toddy Revenue should be carefull surveyed, and divided into a number of blocks sufficient for the convenient ad ministration of the Toddy Revenue. Such blocks should be distinctly demar cated and the demarcation accurately shown upon village maps. The numbe of bearing trees in each block should be ascertained and recorded in such maps A separate set of these maps should be maintained in each Taluk. The Survey Superintendent will be requested to depute for the early execution of this work under the Deputy Commissioners' orders, the number of Measurers required fo this work in each District. Mr. McDonnell will, from information already in his possession, submit at once for the information of the Survey Superintendent, a list as complete as possible of the number of groves which have to be surveyed in each District. It is estimated that over 40 Measurers will be required for all the Districts, but this is a point which must be left for decision in the Survey Department. Should it be not possible to depute the full required number of Measurers at once for this duty, the Survey Superintendent, need, at present, only send out such smaller number as may be feasible, arranging, however, the

programme of work in a way likely to ensure its completion at as early a date as possible. A report of the Survey Superintendent's proposals will be awaited.

10. For the success of the Toddy administration, the special attention of the Deputy Commissioner is necessary to the following points, namely:—

(*a*) The due conservancy of existing vanams, including the prevention of the tapping of immature trees, the improper tapping by unskilled men, the injurious removal of leaves by rope and mat makers, &c.

(*b*) The prevention of theft of toddy from the trees, and the illicit drawing or sale of toddy, and

(*c*) The planting of new areas where necessary.

11. Toddy collections should be daily received as paid in any Taluk or District Treasury, and separate demand, collection and balance accounts should be kept as regards each farmer.

12. For the performance of all duties indicated in para 10, the services of the ordinary Land Revenue establishment should be utilized to the fullest extent possible, and the Government accordingly resolve to issue the following instructions on the subject:—

(*a*) In villages where vanams exist and have to be conserved, and theft or illicit drawing of toddy has to be prevented, the village servant (Toti, Talari or Kulvadi) must be employed for the purpose, under the orders of the Patel, and he should be paid for such work a remuneration of, say, Rs. 10 or 12 a year.

(*b*) The Toddy Revenue shall be collected by the Patel assisted by the Shanbhog. The Patel shall in addition be responsible himself to see that every shop and every vanam within his village is properly managed, that no theft or illicit drawing of toddy takes place, that the transport of toddy is made under proper authority and that no breach of the Excise Law is committed. The Shanbhog shall, in addition to helping the Patel in the duties above described, keep such registers as may be prescribed regarding the quantities of toddy drawn, consumed or transported. For the additional work as above, the Patel and Shanbhog will be remunerated by means of a small percentage on the annual collections in addition to their present remuneration from the Land Revenue.

(*c*) Above the Patel and Shanbhog there should be an officer called Abkari Inspector, corresponding in position to the Shekdar. In Taluks where the Toddy Revenue is light (as in the Malnad) the duties of Abkari Inspector shall devolve upon the Shekdars. But in other Taluks, a separate Abkari Inspector shall be appointed, two such officers being given to exceptionally heavy Taluks. For these appointments the best men possible should be selected as a rule from Abkari Amins who have had experience of the work under the former contract system, and who possess a good character. Where such men may not be available, the most qualified Shekdars should be selected for these posts. As much of the success of the Toddy administration in a Taluk will depend upon the ability and integrity of this class of officials, the Deputy Commissioner should give his personal attention to their selection. The salary given to the Abkari Inspector may for the present be Rs. 20 per mensem and the horse allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem. He should be directly subordinate to the Amildar or the Deputy Amildar.

(*d*) The whole responsibility of the Toddy administration within the Taluk or Sub-Taluk should rest upon the Amildar or the Deputy Amildar as the case may be.

13. It is believed that with the work distributed as described in the preceding para, the Deputy Commissioner will be able to deal with this branch of his duties in the most prompt and satisfactory manner possible. He is requested to issue at once for the guidance of Amildars and the village officers and village servants concerned the necessary detailed instructions to bring into immediate operation the scheme of distribution of duties as described in the preceding para, appointing (in anticipation of the sanction of Government to the detailed proposals for his District) such Abkari Inspectors as in his opinion are absolutely required for the various Taluks in his District. Having thus arranged for the practical working of the scheme in his District, he should lose no time in submitting for the sanction of Government, definite proposals, which should specifically state—

1*st*, the number of village servants in each Taluk who should be specially employed on Toddy duty and the remuneration to be paid to them;

2*ndly*, the number of villages, the Patels of which will have Toddy work and the remuneration he would recommend for them;

3*rdly* the number of Shanbhogs who can with advantage be employed on Toddy work and the remuneration he would recommend for them; and

4*thly* the number of Abkari Inspectors required for his District and the salaries and horse allowances he would propose for them.

The Deputy Commissioner should, at the same time, submit for the consideration of the Government any further suggestions he may wish to put forward for the better working of the new toddy system.

14. As regards help to the Deputy Commissioner, the Government think that it will be most convenient if, as in the North-Western Provinces (see appended Extract of paragraph 7 of the revised rules) the Excise Department of the District (including Toddy, Arrack and all other items of Excise Revenue) be primarily in the charge of one of his ordinary Assistant Commissioners. The work will be so slight as to permit of one of the present staff of Assistant Commissioners undertaking it in addition to his present duties. The Assistant Commissioner selected for it may, for a short time, say 6 months or so, be associated with the Excise Assistant Commissioner so as to enable him the more readily to become acquainted with the details of the work. Under the immediate orders of the Assistant Commissioner in special charge of Excise work of the District, there may be a Daroga whose salary will be according to the extent of the Excise work of the District. A Gumasta may be given to each District Treasury to compile the collections for the entire District and submit the same for the Assistant Commissioner's orders.

15. The Deputy Commissioners are invited to submit at an early date their opinions on the suggestions contained in the last preceding para, and, pending final orders thereupon and in order to meet the immediate requirements of the Toddy work, the two Special Officers employed upon the Toddy settlement will be directed to place themselves under the Deputy Commissioner's orders, and where necessary a Daroga and Gumasta on the marginally noted scale will be allowed for each District. The Special Officers (whose employment under these orders will be only for the short period of a few months, till the ordinary District establishment is able effici-

Daroga on pay from Rs. 30 to 40, according to qualifications, with a horse allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem.

Gumasta on pay Rs. 15 per mensem.

ently to deal with the current Toddy work) may, with advantage, be employed under the Deputy Commissioner's orders and supervision :—

1*st.* To scrutinize and compile the mutchilikas obtained in each District, and examine and regularise the securities in respect of them.

2*nd.* To dispose of disputes, if any, which may arise regarding the particular portion of a vanam which should supply a particular shop (*vide* para 8 above).

3*rdly.* To determine the number of separate blocks into which a vanam should be divided for purposes of demarcation (*vide* para 9 above).

4*thly.* To submit to the Deputy Commissioner drafts of detailed instructions for the guidance of Amildars and subordinate officials regarding the distribution of duties connected with the Toddy administration (*vide* para 13 above).

5*thly.* To prepare a complete and separate record of the settlement made for each Taluk, in such form as will be of use to the Revenue authorities in the practical carrying out of the settlement. Of all such records, there should be one copy in the Taluk Cutcherry and another in the District Office, and

6*thly.* To do all work appertaining to the Toddy administration under the general guidance of the Deputy Commissioner.

16. The work described in the preceding para may, if necessary, be divided between the two Special Officers according to Districts, or according to the kind of work, as may be found most convenient.

17. In entertaining the establishment, sanctioned above, of Darogas, Abkari Inspectors and Gumastas, Deputy Commissioners will give such consideration as they may deem fit to the claims for re-employment of such members of the temporary establishment sanctioned up to the 31st March 1892, as may deserve to be taken on the permanent establishment.

18. The accounts connected with the temporary establishment up to the 31st March 1892 should be closed and submitted for information.

EXTRACT—PARA 7 OF THE NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES RULES.

"The Excise Department in each District shall be primarily under the charge of an Assistant Collector or Assistant Commissioner, hereinafter called the officer in charge of the Excise Revenue, to whom all offences against the Excise Laws shall be reported, and whose duty it shall be to remain in Camp during the cold season, informing himself and keeping the Collector informed of every detail connected with Excise Administration. Detailed instructions should at the commencement of each cold season, be drawn up for that officer's guidance, noting the points requiring particular notice with reference to improvement of the Excise Administration in the District, and keeping in view the fact that, while Government in no way desires to stimulate the consumption of spirits, stringent measures must be taken to prevent illicit manufacture, and to ensure that no spirits shall leave a Distillery without payment of duty, so that Government may receive the full amount of duty on all spirits consumed."

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Excise Commissioner.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Survey Superintendent.
Mr. J. G. McDonnell, Excise Assistant Commissioner.
Mr. B. Gopalaiengar, Special Revenue Officer, Toddy Department.
The Comptroller.

Exd.—B.G.B.

DETAILED AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

DRAWN UP BY

MR. J. G. McDONNELL,

Excise Asst. Comr., Toddy Department,

ON THE

SEVERAL POINTS ALLUDED TO IN THE PROCEEDINGS OF GOVERNMENT,

No. 1092-29, *Circular* 4, *Dated* 12*th April* 1892.

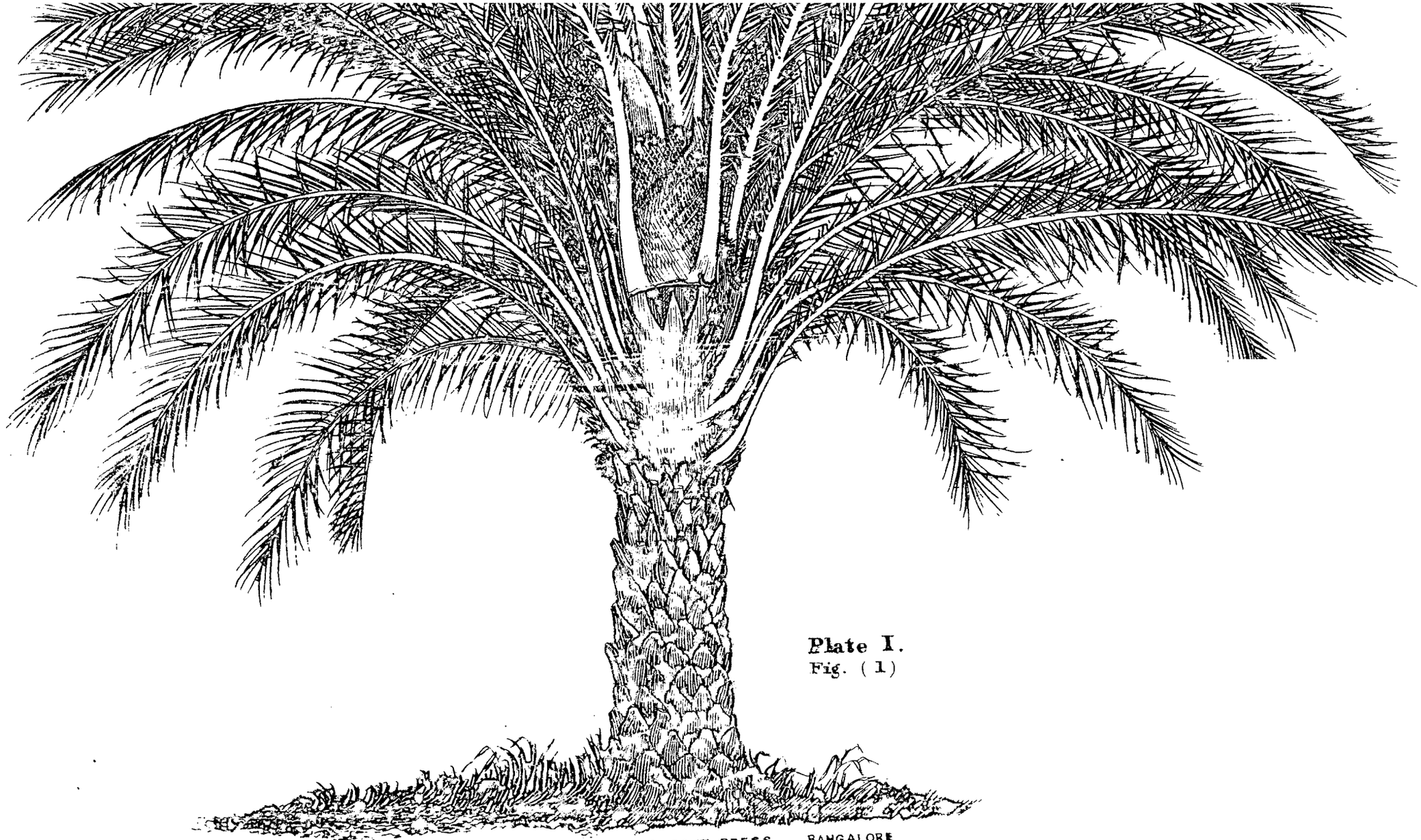

Plate I.
Fig. (1)

LITH AT THE MYSORE GOVT. PRESS — BANGALORE

Rangaswami Pellew.

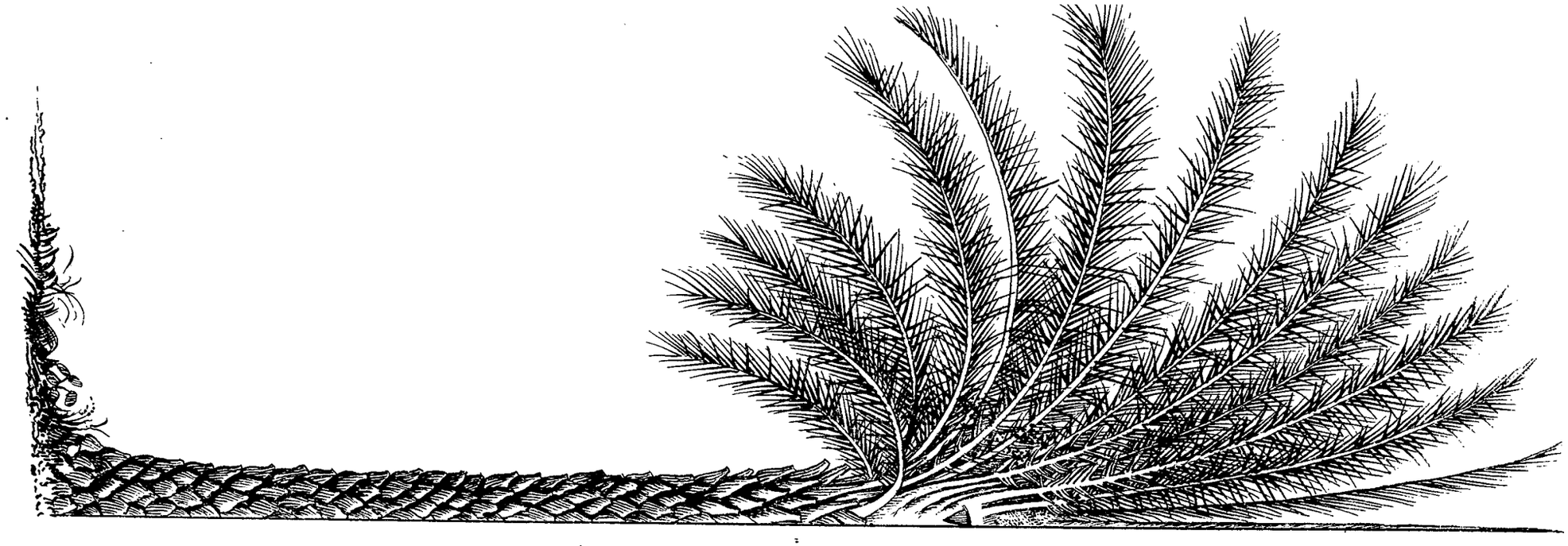

Plate III

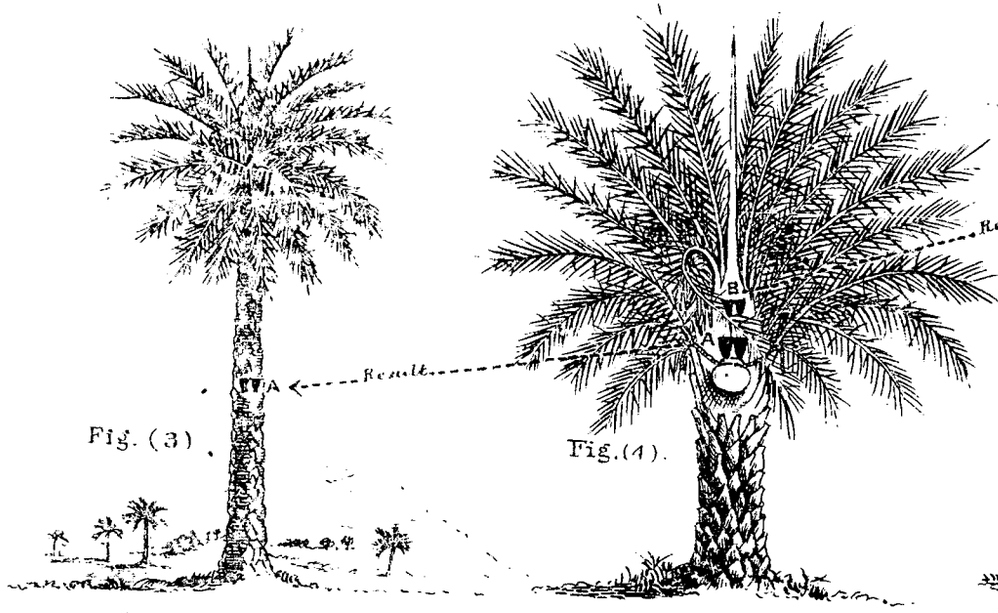

Fig. (3).

Fig. (4).

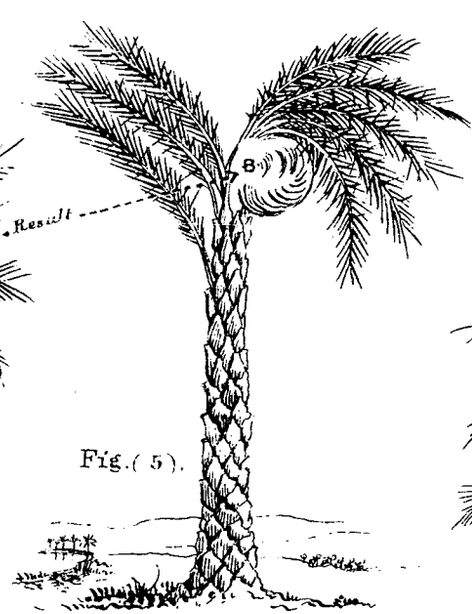

Fig. (5).

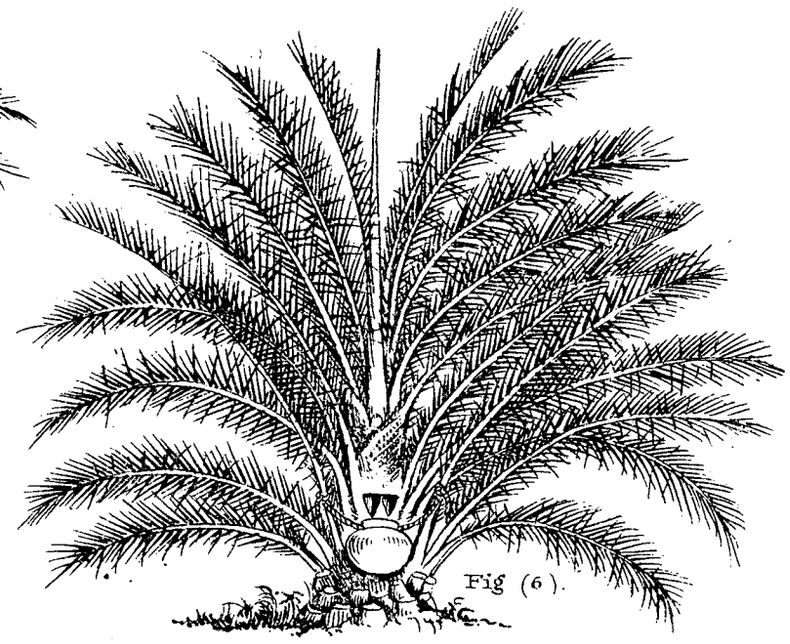

Fig (6).

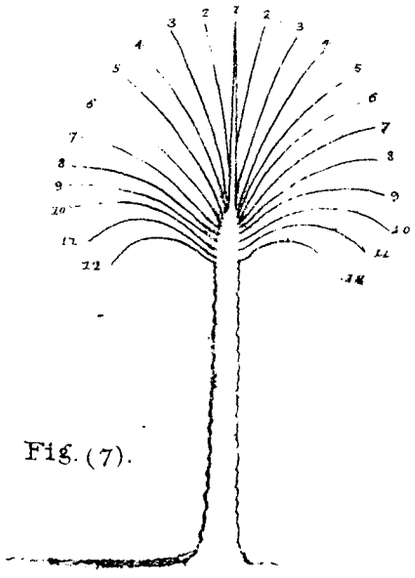

Fig. (7).

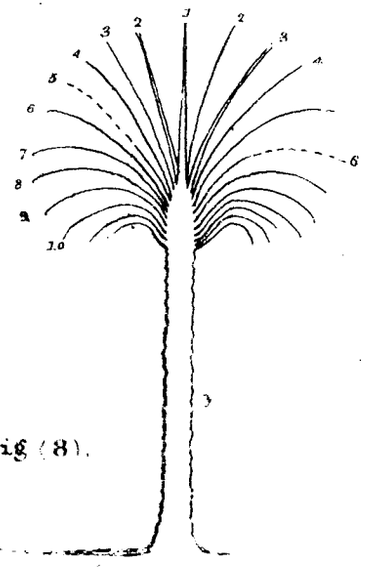

Fig (8).

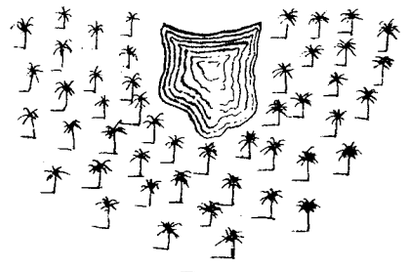

Fig. (10).

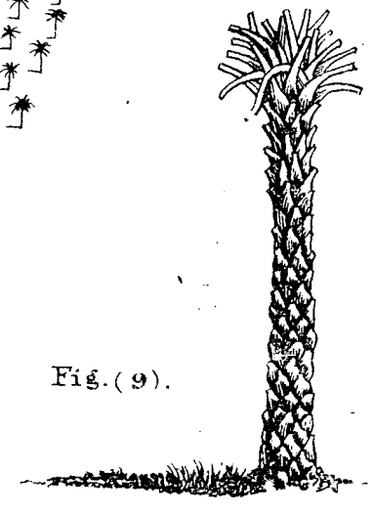

Fig. (9).

A.—The following instructions are issued for :—

(1.) Conservancy of existing Vanas,

(2.) The Prevention of Tapping Immature Trees,

(3.) The improper Tapping by unskilled men,

(4.) The injurious removal of leaves by rope, mat, basket-makers, agriculturists and those employed in the manufacture of Jaggory.

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1. The Patel should delegate the Toti, Talari, Kuluvadi, or Nirganti, to go round the Vanas and see that the rules are observed. To practically and effectually perform this duty, without prescribing elaborate rules for his guidance, the best plan would be to do so by way of illustration. He will thus see at a glance what is wrong and report it. These plates and illustrations will be explained to all the Darogas and Taluk Inspectors. They will explain them to the Taluk Officials and village officers. The Patel and Shanbogue will continually do so to the village servants, and there is no doubt that in this simple way what Government require will be readily attained in a short time.

2. Plate I, Figure 1, is a date-tree. When you look at it you will see that the tapping has been properly performed on a mature tree, and that the work is that of a professional Ediga.

3. Plate II, Figure 2, gives a section of tree Figure 1, by splitting it into two. If you count the centre shoot and three more layers of leaves round it, you will find that the cross incision made for drawing toddy on the neck of the stem is below the knob of the 4th leaf in both plates.

4. By referring to Plate III, Figure 3, you will see that the incision having been made properly by a professional tapman, the tree has shot up nicely and no injury has been done to it. When the tree was as low as the tree in Plate III Figure 4 (*a*), this incision has been made and with the result indicated in Plate III, Figure 3.

5. If on the other hand the incision had been made higher up, as at (*b*), by a *non-professional tapman,* as in Plate III, Figure 4, the result would have been the destruction of the tree, as illustrated in Plate III, Figure 5. In such cases it is evident the tree has been wantonly destroyed, and the culprits should be punished.

6. Young immature trees that have stems less than three feet from the springing of branches, as illustrated in Plate III, Figure 6, should not be tapped under any circumstance, as it would tend to their destruction. This is done (*a*) in many cases through sheer laziness. In others it is owing (*b*) to mature trees being overworked and destroyed, and to the paucity of mature trees in the Vana. In both such cases (*a*) and (*b*), if proof against the party can be adduced of the commission of the offence within six months thereof, he should be punished, especially if he did this to prevent the next farmer from using the trees. In some places (*c*) the majority of the trees are stunted in growth, and therefore do not attain to any height. This fact should be thoroughly investigated ere such trees are allowed to be tapped. In such cases every care should be taken to prevent premature re-tapping. It will be seen at a glance if there are tall trees, with stems over three feet in height, and what proportion they bear to the small trees, that there is a likelihood of those small trees also growing to the height of the large trees in such localities. It should therefore be investigated how long a tree takes to grow so high. It should be ascertained what interval is allowed between one tapping, and a second re-tapping. The interval on the stem between the two tappings will indicate the growth; and with the information gained by local inquiry it can be readily ascertained, if the trees are naturally dwarfed or have not yet arrived at maturity. The *age* then of dwarfed trees should be the criterion to go on, and not the *height* in such cases. A tree 10 or 12 years old may be tapped. Twelve layers of leaves should be counted from the main shoot down wards, and if the stem from the 12th layer to the ground is one-and-a-half to two feet it may be tapped without injury. In such a case two to three years should elapse ere it is re-tapped, as sufficient growth, say 15 to 18 inches, on the stem must be made ere another incision can be effected without injury to such a tree. In such cases enquiry on the foregoing points should be made, and the facts reported for the orders of the Deputy Commissioner ere action is taken to enforce the rules for tapping trees with stems less than one yard high. To secure professional tapmen and to bring home the forgoing offences to the guilty parties, a License will be issued to such tapmen hereafter.

7. Plate III, Figure 7, shews the tree with all its branches numbered from the tender shoot in the centre to the last dry leaf. Under the two orders of Government quoted in the margin* only two or three leaves from each tree may be removed. These leaves should not be the first four leaves including the central shoot. Plate III, Figure 8, shews in dotted lines which leaves may be removed by mat, rope, basket-makers, and agriculturists for fencing, &c., or for feeding cattle. Young immature trees (*vide* Plate III, Figure 6), or young seedlings, should not be touched for any of those purposes. In case of jaggory manufacturers the dry leaves Nos. 8 to 12 only should be removed. In some Talúks where fuel is scarce the right to remove these dry leaves may be farmed out. But care should be taken that the green leaves are not also removed. This would be to the injury of the tree.

* I. Camp No. D. dated 25th December 1891.
II. Para 4, No. 11280-91, *viz.*, 175, dated 15th January 1892.

8. In some cases only the main shoot is left. In many cases even the main shoot is cut off, and the tree presents the appearance given in illustration Plate III, Figure 9. In either case there is no doubt that wanton mischief has been committed, and the party at fault should be punished severely by the Amildar.

9. Trees being tapped, or those reserved for tapping in any year, should be reserved solely for tapping. Licenses to remove leaves should be granted only where surplus trees, and Vanas exist, or the rights of toddy farmers will not be infringed. The Amildar or other officer granting such Licenses should indicate the part of the Vanas from which leaves may be removed, and hold the village officers responsible that this privilege is not abused. The Patel and Shanbhogue should overhaul the parties cutting leaves on Licenses so granted, and certify on the back thereof that the foregoing rules have been observed. Parties infringing the rules should be reported to the Amildar and punished for breaches thereof.

B.—The following Rules are prescribed for the guidance of the Village and Taluk Officers named.

(*a*) VILLAGE SERVANTS, TOTI, TALARI, KULWADI AND NERGANTI.

1. That trees are tapped properly (*vide* Plate I, Figure 1, Rules marked A), and by professional tapmen.

2. That the mamool time for re-tapping is observed.

3. That the four tender leaves, including the central shoot, are not removed, (Plate III, Figure 8).

4. That trees less than one yard in height (Plate III, Figure 6,) are not tapped, or any leaves at all removed from them, or from seedlings.

5. That toddy is not concealed and sold clandestinely at the Vanas, *en route* to shop from Vana, or elsewhere, except in the authorized shops.

6. He will count the number of ghadas and report the same to the Patel, and inform him to what places the toddy is taken daily.

7. He will see if the pots are washed, and that no putrid and bad toddy is kept or mixed with the good toddy sent from the Vana or offered for sale in the shops.

8. That no toddy is distilled, and spirits (sarayi) made at the Vanas or elsewhere.

9. That toddy is sold at authorized rates and in standard measures duly sealed by Government.

10. He will plant seed round the "Angalas" of tanks and other places indicated, and warn herdsmen against trespassing on such plantations, and take steps to protect them from cattle trespass.

11. He will make his report on the foregoing points to the Patel, or in his absence to the Shanbogue daily.

(*b*) PATEL.

11*a*. The Patel once in every two or three days, and not less than once weekly, shall verify the statements made on the foregoing points by personal inspection and enquiry at the Vana and shop, and give the Shanbogue the data to book in the register of toddy drawn and removed from the Vana (*vide* Form I.). Immediately on breach of rules occurring or being reported to him the Patel will take the required evidence and report the circumstances to the Amildar (See Paras1.2 (*e*) of these Notes, on the duties of Amildars.)

12. He will, with the assistance of the Shanbogue, make the collection of khists on the date fixed in the mutchalika and receive daily instalments during the month if tendered by the shopkeepers or farmers.

13. He will make himself thoroughly acquainted with the toddy shopkeepers and farmers, and those willing to take up shops, their ability to pay Government dues, and their character and circumstances.

(*c*) SHANBOGUE.

14. The Shanbogue will, in addition to helping the Patel and village servants in giving effect to the foregoing duties, keep a Register (Form I.) of toddy drawn and issued from the Vana, if located there, or imported from Her Majesty's Terri tory, if located on the frontier; and of the receipt and sale of toddy at each shop in his range. (Form III.) He will personally verify every two or three days once the data reported to him by the village servants or Patel. He will keep the register of khists. (Form II) and remit the money thus realized to the Taluk Treasury in the same manner as he does for other items of Government Revenue.

15. The Patel and Shanbogue will convene a Panchayet when disputes arise as to the drawing of toddy from the same Vana between two or more farmers, and enlist two or three Edigas, and dispose of the same amicably. If this cannot be done, the Amildar must be informed of the case, and he will delegate the Taluk Abkari Inspector to do so on the lines indicated in the instructions marked C.

16. The Patel and Shanbogue, on 1st September yearly, shall refer to the Toddy Annual Register (Form IV) in the Shanbogue's possession, and to the accounts of receipts

and sales of toddy kept by him, (Form III)and get the shopkeeper to give a proper amount to Government as rent for his shop for the ensuing year. If they are satisfied that the sum so secured is favourable they should get a "darkhast" from the shopkeeper, and submit it to the Amildar not later than the first week of September If they cannot get the amount which Government is justly and fairly entitled to they should assemble the Edigas and others needing toddy shops, and offer the shop to any of them, and submit the applications to the Amildar with a report of the circumstances. If there are several shops which form the farm, then the Shanbogues and Patels should be assembled by the Sheikdar at some central place and dispose of the matter similarly. See (*e*) duties of Amildar's para 6.

(d) TALUK INSPECTOR.

17. He should be on out-door duty for 20 days monthly, or his horse allowance will be docked proportionately for the days out door-work was shirked. He will visit the Vanas and shops and see if the mutchalikas and other rules prescribed are enforced, and take steps to enforce them (see paras 1, 2 (*e*) of these Notes) and that the village officers attend to the duties delegated to them.

18. He will send a report of such breaches of the rules, neglect of work by village servants or village officers, at once to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and to the Amildar, without delay, and take the case to the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction. See para 1. (*e*) duties of Amildars.

19. He will send a Diary (Form V) of the work done by him fortnightly to the Amildar in duplicate for transmission to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District.

20. He will arrange to be at Taluk Head-quarters for a few days after the 15th. and 1st of the following month, so as to complete and send in the Treasury Demand Collection and Balance Return (Form No. IV.) for each farmer to the officer in charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and dispose of such reports and papers as the Amildar may refer to him. But for this work he shall not remain at Head-quarters more than 10 days in any month.

21. From the 2nd week in September to the end of October, he shall be constantly on the move, scrutinizing and helping the Patels and Shanbogues to dispose of the Farms, and getting proper men to take up the shops, and for their proper value. He will then and there report to the Amildar any irregularities in this respect, especially if he finds that the Patels and Shanbogues are in collusion with the Edigas and Farmers and that Government is likely to suffer, so that the Amildar may take prompt action in this matter.

22. In case of disputes, as to the right number of trees, or parts of the Vanas a shopkeeper should get, he will proceed to the spot at once, and settle the same as per separate instructions laid down for his guidance (marked C.) He will see that the Toddy khist Registers and other Books are posted up by the Shanbogue, and that khists are collected and sent in by them properly, and bring to the Amildar's notice any complaints of the Farmers against the non-receipt of such khists by the Patels and Shanbogues, when offered, or delays on their part to make the finial collection on the dates fixed.

23. The Taluk and Village Officers should clearly explain to the Edigas and others engaged in the toddy trade the advantages of serving Government. They are virtually Government Toddy ryots. They enter into engagement directly with Government, and as long as they fulfil their obligations, and pay their khists regularly, they have nothing to fear. They can at once appeal for redress to the Amildar of the Taluk against any irregular conduct on the part of any of the village or Taluk officials, to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, the Deputy Commissioner and Government. The courts are open to them. All this should give them confidence and induce them to serve Government faithfully. The returns shew the consumption, and what they paid the Contractors is well known and recorded. They should not therefore hesitate to pay Government what is legitimately due to it, as in case of arrack and drugs. If the present incumbents will not do so, others will have to be given the preference. They have a fixed position, within certain limits as Government Toddy Farmers, and unlike that under the Contractors, who ousted them and put in others just as they pleased. They had no redress. They were mere servants, and were in many cases much oppressed and harassed by the Contractors, their shikmidars and the Contractors' servants. The case is quite different now : their rights and claims will be fully recognised and respected as Government Farmers, as long as they continue to pay to Government their legitimate dues and observe the conditions laid down in the mutchicika.

(*e*) DUTIES OF AMILDARS.

1. The Amildar, will in his tours through the Taluk personally see if the rules of Government are given practical effect to, enquire into any complaints of irregularities, corruption or oppression on the part of the village and Taluk officials, and summarily punish the delinquents. Breaches of the rules should be promptly disposed of,—those of a minor character with a warning. At the outset it will suffice if the rules and regulations are simply explained to the Farmers and shop-keepers. It is of primary importance that (1) The khists should be paid in time; (2) It is desirable that the toddy should be sold in the places selected, at authorized rates and in standard measures; (3) There should be no clandestine sales of toddy at Vanas or *en route* to shops; (4) Mature trees alone should be tapped and by professional tap-men. Even in these important matters, with the exception of the first item, the offenders should be warned and when punished the punishment should be light, and merely nominal at first, so that the farmers and shop-keepers may be educated to know and recognize the advantages of the rules, ere the rules themselves are rigidly enforced. The Amildars will therefore use great discretion, judgment and tact in dealing with the farmers, and nothing but gross and persistent disregard of warnings and notices of breaches of the rules should receive punishment.

2. An authenticated copy of the mutchilkas should be given to each farmer, with additional copies for each shop-keeper. As this has been accepted by the farmer it takes the place of the License and Appanê-chit. It will suffice for the present if the farmer informs the Shanbogue of the name of the vendor selected, and has that name entered in the copy of the mutchilka given to that particular shop. The farmers should be left free, and not harassed and bothered, but treated with the greatest kindness and consideration.

3. When disputes arise regarding Vanas, and several farmers, or one of them, as the case may be, are anxious to have their rights defined, either as to the number of trees or parts of a Vana which fall to their share, they should be told of the advent of the Survey Department, and that the Vanas will be divided into blocks, so that every one will have a fair share or proportionate number of the trees in the Vana, to draw the toddy needed for their shops. But if they cannot wait, the Amildar should delegate the Taluk Abkary Inspector to make a temporary settlement of the dispute. Detailed instructions have been given (*vide* C.) to enable him, with the aid of the Patel and Shanbogue and a Punchayet, to do so effectually. If the matter cannot even thus be settled amicably, the Amildar should do so himself, promptly and in such a manner as to give every one of the claimants an equitable share in the Vana. A fair division of the trees proportionate on the number of ghadas sold in each shop should be effected. Should the number of trees be inadequate then such farmers should be referred to the *hiduvali* or other private groves to make up the difference short assigned at the settlement from the Government vana. Government is not bound to provide toddy beyond what is procurable from trees growing on its waste lands, and when it has made a fair assignment of such trees nothing more can be expected.

4. The khists should be collected by the Patel, aided by the Shanbogue, (*vide* B., *b & c*) of those instructions) and as the Amildar is responsible for this, he should insist on punctual and regular payments, and that the village officers really exert themselves in the early recovery thereof. Besides the daily collections shewn in the accounts sent to the District Treasury, the Amildar, with the aid of his Taluk Inspector, will prepare and send in bi-monthly a return of the total payments made by each farmer (*vide* form No. VI) from 1st to 15th, and from 16th to the end of the month. The return should show the demand as settled, previous balance if any, receipts, the fortnight's total, and balance. The column provided for interest should be carefully filled in separately, and not mixed up with "khists due." In the column of remarks action taken to recover the outstandings against each farmer should be noted. This return should be posted on the 16th Idem and 1st day of the following month, *without fail*, to the address of "the Officer in Charge of Excise Revenue of the District," to whom all questions connected with Toddy, Arrack, and Drugs, should be addressed, and who will be the medium of communicating the orders of the Deputy Commissioner to the Amildars hereafter.

5. The Amildar will see that his Taluk Inspector goes round and sees if the rules are properly enforced, and practically given effect to. The Taluk Inspector should bring up his Diary in duplicate bi-monthly to the Amildar on the 16th Idem and 1st of the following month without fail. The Amildar will scrutinize his work and direct his operations. He should on no account be kept at Head-quarters more than 10 days in any month, and the Amildar will punish any evasion of this rule. He can take any papers needing disposal with him, but he should not be kept at Head-quarters at office work when he should be out on inspection duty. While at Head-quarters, he can be employed in clearing off papers, preparing returns, and disposing of other papers which the Amildar may refer to him.

6. The Amildar should, prior to 1st September yearly, point out to Patels and Shanbogues that the Edigas, Shop-keepers and Farmers should be sounded as to retention of the shops held by them, and the prospects of securing the full revenue, consistent with the large benefits enjoyed by the Toddy Traders and Shop-keepers. A "Kabul-nama," should be obtained and sent by the Shanbogue to the Amildar by the first week in September, and by the 15th September the Amildar should collect and send a return of the settlements thus effected by the village officers. In doubtful cases, and particularly where "Angadi Farmers" are involved, the Sheikdar should select a central spot in the group of shops, preside with the Shanbogues and Patels of the places where shops exist and effect the settlement. In case of difficulty arising the Taluk Abkary Inspector should be told off to try and effect a settlement on or before the 30th September yearly. The Amildar should himself do so finally by the 15th October, and not later than 31st October yearly. In any particular case where it is not practicable for the village officers to obtain the revenue Government have a right to expect, the Edigas and others interested in the trade should be assembled in some central locality, by the Amildar, and the shop or shops put up to competition. He will send in weekly supplemental returns after despatch of that effected by the village officers, of progress made till 15th October, when he will send a complete return for the Taluk to the Officer in Charge of Excise Revenue of the District, and to the Jamabandy officer, noting cause of failure in any case, and the steps taken to overcome the same, and the probability or otherwise of a successful issue attending his exertions. It must be borne in mind that Government have delegated this important branch of the administration to Amildars, and that they have been primarily held responsible for the successful working of the scheme. It therefore rests with Amildars to ensure its smooth and satisfactory working in such a way as to preclude a reference being made to Government in the matter.

7. A printed copy of the Orders of Government No. 1019-27—Cir. 4, dated 12th April 1892, will be sent to each Amildar for his information, careful study and guidance, on the points pertaining to his own work and that of his subordinates, details whereof are given in these Notes for his own and their adoption.

(*f*) DAROGAS.

1. The Daroga will, with the aid of the Establishment of the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District, and the Excise Clerk, collect the Diaries, reports and returns sent in by Amildars and other Officers, thoroughly scrutinize them, and bring them up for that officer's orders.

2. He must be out of Head-quarters 20 days in the month, inspecting the Vanes and shops, and seeing that the rules are given practical effect to, and that the Taluk Inspectors, Shanbogues, Patels and Village-servants are doing their duty. He should explain the rules and clear up any doubts he may have, and bring to the notice of the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue of the District any irregularities and short-comings which came under his notice at his inspections, and get orders passed by that officer on any points needing the same.

3. He shall arrange his tours so as to be at Head-quarters on the 2nd and 17th of each month, for a period not exceeding five days at a time, so as to compare the Taluk Treasury credits with the Amildar's returns, and bring up a note of defaulters to the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue, to be placed before the Deputy Commissioner with the diary (Form VII) and a precis of the diaries of the Taluk Inspectors and of the Taluk Reports received every fortnight, shewing how they have been disposed of, and any other papers needing orders or replies from other officers.

4. He will be constantly out in the Taluks in the months of September and October, and carefully scrutinize and check the progress reports of settlements made by the village-officers in the first instance when received in September, and those of the Amildars received thereafter, and keep the Officer in Charge of the Excise Revenue fully posted up as to how matters are progressing, and, where action or direction is necessary get the needful done. The orders of the Deputy Commissioner should be obtained on the Village Settlement Reports as received from each Amildar, and that effected thereupon be the Amildar himself. He should prepare a final settlement report for each farmer, with an abstract thereof, for submission to Government, with the Deputy Commissioner's remarks by the first week in November.

C.—The following instructions must be observed by the officer settling disputes relative to the number of trees to be assigned to each, in proportion to the number of ghadas taken per shop, for all the shops assigned to that Vana.

1. The first thing to be done is to find out as nearly as possible the number of matured trees in each Vana. To do so properly the following course should be observed:—

(*a*). Four poles with white flags should be obtained, and set at the four angles of a square of 70 yards. The number of matured trees in this block can then be readily ascertained. By placing the Ediga's ladder standing and fixing two poles, so as to form a tripod and by mounting it, the shoots or stems of each matured tree can be readily seen and counted. If that area is too much and the trees are growing too thick, one-half or one-fourth of that area may be taken, *viz.*, 35 yards by 35 yards, or half-an-acre nearly; 17½ yards by 17½ yards, or one-fourth of an acre nearly. By attaching to the trees bits of white rag, or white marks in line, so as to be conspicuously seen while on the ladder, or on the four trees where the poles stood, or by fixing these signals to the poles themselves, if they are available in sufficient numbers, the whole grove can be readily traversed and a very fair calculation made of the number of trees fit to tap. Where the trees are not so dense as to preclude entrance inside, a bundle of date leaves may be counted, and one cast into, or at the foot of each tree. If the balance of leaves in hand be counted, the difference will show how many date trees are in the block.

2. The following points must be attended to in assigning date trees in a Vana, partly in "wet" and partly in "dry" land.

DRY LANDS.

i. Yield less Toddy (1½ to 3 seers).

ii. The Toddy is sweet and nice, and therefore used to make jaggory.

iii. The trees are tall and slender, the foliage is not so bright or abundant. They take a long time to grow or mature, from 10 to 12 years. The interval between one tap and a 2nd re-tapping is two years and more.

iv. The period of tapping is short—about three months, and the incisions made are therefore not so long or deep.

v. After the tree has been cleared of leaves on one side and prepared for tapping, a small triangular incision is made. *Vide* Plate I, Figure 1. For the first week the toddy is insipid and allowed to run off uncollected. The tree is tapped every alternate day by the incisions on each side being deepened.

vi. For the next 15 days from ¼, ½, 1, 1½ seers or so of toddy are drawn off every other day, and by the end of 15 days, or the 7th or 8th tapping, the maximum yield is obtained. This continues for 60 days or for 30 tappings. The yield then gradually falls off for the next 15 days, till the sap has all been exhausted.

WET LANDS.

i. Yield more Toddy (4 to 10 seers).

ii. The Toddy is not so sweet and palatable.

iii. The stems are very thick, the foliage dark-green, vigorous and abundant. They grow rapidly and mature in from 6 to 8 years. The interval between one tap and 2nd re-tapping is about 1 to 1½ years.

iv. The tree being on wet land absorbs moisture and the incisions for tapping are deeper and longer and only cease when this can no longer be effected without injury to the tree. They are tapped from four to five months.

v. Same as for dry land.

vi. The yield is naturally more than in dry land. By the end of the 7th or 8th tapping the maximum yield of four to ten seers is reached, and continues for about 90 days, according to the thickness of the stem, and its position in marshy or other land congenial to its rapid growth. The tapping ceases because it cannot be carried on any longer without injury to the tree.

3. The principal points to be noted are therefore:—

i. Whether the tree is on (1) dry, or (2) wet land?

ii. What time elapses between one tapping and a 2nd re-tapping, in (1) dry, (2) wet lands?

iii. How many days the tree is tapped, but the toddy is not utilized at all?

iv. How many days it takes ere the maximum quantity is reached; how much at each tapping; and what is the average yield for this period, in (1) dry, (2) wet land?

v. What is the maximum yield, and for how many days it continues, in (1) dry; and (2) wet land respectively?

vi. What is the average yield ere tapping ceases, and how long this period continues, in (1) wet, and (2) dry land?

4. In the foregoing calculations it should be ascertained how many trees have already been tapped, and that number added to the calculations made, ere assignments are effected if they will not mature in time to be of use to the present farmer.

5. Should there be a surplus, it should be reserved for use of the shops or other purposes hereafter.

6. The following table illustrates how the quantity tapped daily should be recorded and the average for one period struck thereon.

Dry Land.				Wet Land.				Remarks.
Rate.	No. of tappings.	Days taken up by the tapping.	Total yield obtained from the No. of tappings.	Rate.	No. of tappings.	Days taken up by the tappings.	Total yield obtained from the No. of tappings.	
$\frac{1}{6}$	1, 2 & 3	6	Nil.	$\frac{1}{4}$	3	6	Nil	
$\frac{1}{2}$	4 & 5	4	1 seer.	$\frac{3}{4}$	4 & 5	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$ seer.	
1	6, 7 & 8	6	3 ,,	$1\frac{1}{2}$	6, 7 & 8	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$,,	
$2\frac{1}{4}$	30	60	$67\frac{1}{2}$,,	$3\frac{1}{2}$	45	90	$157\frac{1}{2}$,,	
$1\frac{1}{2}$	3	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2	4	5 ,,	
$1\frac{1}{4}$	2	4	$2\frac{1}{2}$,,	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	4	3 ,,	
$\frac{3}{4}$	2	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$,,	$\frac{3}{4}$	3	6	$2\frac{1}{4}$,,	
Total	42 (A)	90	$80\frac{1}{2}$,,	Total	57 (B)	120	$173\frac{3}{4}$	
Note.—Average per tapping, excluding rejected tappings $1\frac{77}{84}$ seers, or say nearly Two Seers per tapping per tree $\frac{84}{2}$=42 days. (A).				Note.—Average per tapping, excluding rejected tappings, nearly three seers per tree per tapping $\frac{114}{2}=57$ days. (B).				

7. Should the number of trees be inadequate, it should be ascertained how many trees more are required per farm and the farmers referred to the Hiduvalidars, or other sources, to make up the quantity needed. If in any place surplus trees are available they should be proportionately divided to meet the demand of these farms to the extent of ghadas short at the Vana just divided. A note should be made in the Village Register of the number of ghadas so needed, and from whence that supply is to be obtained. A corresponding note should be made in the Village Register from which such supplemental supply is obtained. If imported, a note to that effect should be made. Government can only provide toddy to the extent of the trees available, and if more toddy is required and there be no trees, on Government unoccupied waste lands the farmer must make his own arrangements to obtain the balance from elsewhere.

D.—THE PLANTING OF NEW AREAS.

1. As a first start seed should be collected which is three-fourths ripe. This should be done at once. At every town and village where a shop exists, and there is a tank there or in the vicinity, a grove can be readily formed. *Vide* Plate III, Figure 10.

2. The farthest water-spread should be traced, and small holes made ten feet apart. This can be done by sinking the "Goodly" four or five inches, and turning up the clod. This clod should be pulverised and two or three date seed planted in each. This can be done by the "Neergunti." In the course of from five to eight years a good plantation will thus be formed just where it is needed, and the people will get good sweet and fresh toddy to drink. The village herdsmen should be warned against allowing cattle to graze on the strip thus planted. Should there be a "Nallah" feeding the tank, on its banks and along its sides date seeds should be similarly planted by the village servants. After the first heavy rains the seeds can be scattered over waste-lands. Particular blocks of three or four acres or one or two Survey numbers should be selected for this purpose, and planted as indicated for tanks. Where date trees are growing and are not enough to supply toddy for the shops in the vicinity, the ground round should, if possible, be taken up and the whole number planted up with date seeds. Such numbers should not be given out for cultivation.

B.—The following Rules are framed for the prevention of theft of Toddy from the Vanas, the illicit drawing and sale of Toddy or the distillation thereof.

1. The village servants when going round to see if rules under (A) are enforced, should also see if the Edigas keep back and sell any toddy surreptitiously at the Vana, or are unauthorizedly tapping and selling toddy the property of Hiduvalidars or Inamdars. The Patel and Shanbogue will inform these servants who the authorized parties are, and at what places the shops are to be opened for the sale of toddy, and report those committing any breaches of these rules to the Amildar, after obtaining the required evidence to ensure conviction. *Vide* note (*e*) para 1 of these instructions.

2. A great deal of toddy is sold *en route* from Vana to shops. In most cases water from the first road-side ditch is taken and added to the toddy, to make up the bulk thus clandestinely sold by the carrier. The required evidence should be taken by the Patel or Shanbogue and the matter reported at once to the Amildar.

(4)

Read:—

SECTION S. R
FILE No. 15-9(6)92-1
SERIAL No. 2

Letter No 257 dated 12th July 1892 from the Comptroller requesting to be furnished with copies of orders passed for ~~increase~~ ~~- sanctioning the~~ rates and remuneration ~~sanctioned~~ for Patels and Shanbhogs in connection with the new Zoddy Scheme.

Sml
Rev 1597-1606. D/ 26-7-92
R. Z 17-92 29

Order thereon.

Ordered that copies of the foregoing communication be forwarded to the Dr Commrs of Dharwar with a request that they will lose no time further

thro' the Excise Comm[r]
in Submitting the
details called for in
and 13 of Govt
Pro: No 1019-29 dated
Cir 4
12th April 1892.

Chief Secty.

F.B

To the Dr Commrs of Dts.
Coorhbeollen.
Excise Commr
Who is requested to take
Note that a Report is
due by first Mail

(General Serial No. 30.)

189

From

The Chief Secretary to the

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No.
No.

Dec 23/

SECTION 82

FILE No. 18 4 W 50-4

SERIAL No. 2

The Queensland Commissioner
for Immigration

10/12 July 1894. Queensland 561
R 717-92

Sir

With reference to correspondence ending in
No 5 of Govt Proceedings
13672-81-RF 17-92 & 16-
January 93 from the Immigration
request that the Immigration
approvals for the employment
Village Officers and Servants
the manner laid down
Letters 12 & 13 of Govt Proc.
No 1019-29 Queensland 4 & 12 April
92 and their removal
therefore may be obtained
at a very early date with the
Queensland remarks and
suggestions. I am to explain
that the long delay entailed
in the disposal of this
matter.

8:27 8R 30:891-2.

I am to add
that there
has already
been unavoidable
delay in the despatch
of this Report —

I. G.

Chief Secy

SECTION 22 Gen. Serial No. 30.]

FILE No. [illegible] 1894 From

SER'AL No. The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

1894

Submitted for Orders

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore.

12/8/94

Opn. draft reply as below. L.G./ms.

In reply has the honor to state that as on the subject to be put and on receipt of reports it will be preferable to receive the reports of each Dy. Comrs. separately with the Excise Comrs. observations & suggestions thereon and thereafter requests the report from the 5 Dy. Comrs. already enquired may be expedited by the Dy. Comrs., a reminder is sent to the 3 other Dy. Comrs. named to furnish their reports without further delay as the matter has been very long pending disposal.

L. G.

C. S.

Dated 16th
Despatched 17th } July 1894
Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 198
No. 22

In reply to the Chief Secretary's letter No. 56-17-92, dated 10-7-94

SUBJECT.

States that the reports regarding the proposal to employ village officers on certain works connected with toddy, will be submitted on receipt of replies from the Deputy Commissioners Bangalore, Kolar & Mysore.

7/8/94

Will you kindly have this written on a separate sheet for facility of reference

7/8/94

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Rev 1893

7/8

24/8/94

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. 198/22 Bangalore, dated 16th July 19/7

From.

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 561/R.F. 17-92 dated 10th instant, I have the honor to state that on receipt of replies from the Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore Kolar and Mysore Districts, the reports of all the Deputy Commissioners together with my remarks and suggestions in regard to the proposal to employ village officials on certain works connected with toddy, will be submitted.

2. Reminders have been sent to the said Deputy Commissioners from whom replies are still due.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

Chatfield.

Excise Commissioner

in Surplus

To (6)

SECTION 12
FILE No. 139/1892-3
SERIAL No. 3

The Excise Commrs.
in Impore
Dated 18th ~~August~~ March 95
No 15339
R 2207

His letter no 198/22 date
16/17th July/94

In reply has the
honr to state that as orde
will have to be passed on
each district report, it
will be preferable to recen
the proposals of each Dy
Commrs, separately, with
the Excise Commrs observati
and suggestions thereon, an
therefore requests the repli
from the 5 districts, already
received, may be expedited
by the Excise Commrs, and
reminders sent to the 3 othe
Dy Commrs named, to furnis
their reports, without
further delay, as the matte
has been ~~varying~~ pending
disposal. "By order"

16.3.95

SECTION 8R

FILE No. 139 1895-5

SERIAL No. 2

Submitted for orders

RS
9/4

Gen. 30.]

1895

From 12947.
The Excise Commissioner, R 3488.
in Mysore.

To
The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
Government ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.
Excise department

Dated 30th
Despatched 1-4 March 1895
Received

Enclosure No. 1

General No. 4095
No. 386

In reply to Chief Secretary's docket No. 15339 dated 18th instant. R 2207
20

SUBJECT.

Forwards with opinion copy of correspondence from the deputy Commissioner, Tumkur district regarding the remuneration to village officials in connection with the Toddy work.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Rev 2/4

I

(11) 18

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. 4095/386 Bangalore, dated 30th March 1895

Encl: 1 — 4 —

From.

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Under Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise department

Sir,

In reply to your docket No. 15339/R 2207, dated 18th/20 instant, I have the honor to forward, herewith, copy of the marginally noted correspondence between this office and the deputy Commissioner Tumkur district regarding remuneration to village officials in connection with

1. Docket No. 328, dated 1st August 1893 from the Deputy Commissioner Tumkur District.
2. Docket No. 1192, dated 4th February 1893 from — ditto —
3. Docket No. 4301/62 dated 8th February 1893 to — ditto —
4. Docket No. 1243, dated 14th February 1893 from — ditto —

with the new Toddy Scheme, and to state that I agree with the Deputy Commissioner that no remuneration is required for Potels and Shanbogues for collecting Toddy Revenue, as most of the Toddy Vend Farmers pay their Khists direct into Taluk Treasuries in the printed Chellans supplied to them, and as the instances in which the Farmers pay their Khists through Potels and Shanbogues are few and far between. In fact collection of Toddy Khists is not a difficult task, as the Farmers themselves pay them within the stipulated time, lest they should incur penalties, forfeitures, fines and other losses. The Farmers who make default are

only

only those that do the busines
at a loss to themselves. In the
case of the defaulters, Excis
officers and Taluk officials ta
necessary action to recover th
arrears of Khists without the
help of village officials. But
for the conservancy and improve
of Toddy-yielding trees, the
Services of Patels and Paties or
Salaries are indispensably
needed, as without their hel
Excise officials can do very litt
I do not concur with the Deput
Commissioner that the mer
promise or offer of a reward
would be a sufficient inducem
to expect any work from them
But when a payment is actua
made to them, however Smal
it may be, they will feel
that it is incumbent upon
them to do the work, and
they will really do it. Such

emuneration is required to the
Poets and Fotics or Salaries of only
those villages which contain Toddy
yielding trees in Government un-
occupied lands, but not of
those villages in which only Toddy
Shops exist, their Services not
being wanted to look after
the Shops. Rewards may however,
be granted to those who give
information leading to the
detection of Excise offences.
I have reason to believe that
when the above village officials
are remunerated for conserving
and improving Toddy-yielding
groves, it would be incentive
to the officials of those villages
which do not now contain
such groves, to raise them
in their villages also. Now
the question is on what basis
the remuneration should
be fixed or calculated. For
obvious reasons it cannot
be

be calculated upon Toddy Revenu

I am of opinion that the most
convenient course is to calculat
it upon the number of Todd
yielding trees in each village
and that accordingly the
following Scale is recommende
for the Sanction of Government

	Per annum Rupees
For villages containing under 50 trees fit for tapping	2
— do — above 50 and under 100 trees — do	4
— do — above 100 and under 500 trees — do	5
— do — above 500 and under 1000 trees — do	10
— do — above 1000 and under 5000 trees — do	12
For every 1000 trees fit for tapping or fraction thereof not being less than 500, above 5000 tappable trees in any village	1

Two-thirds of the above Scale
Should

should be payable to the Patels of the respective villages and one-third to the Talies or Talaries thereof.

2. For new Plantations Special watchmen should be appointed as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.

3. At present Toddy date trees plants and seedlings are being destroyed from the following causes:—

(1) Over working the trees;
(2) Not giving required rest to the trees tapped;
(3) Tapping immature trees;
(4) Getting the trees tapped by inexperienced or unskilful men;
(5) Grazing of leaves by Cattle;
(6) Grazing of Seedlings by Cattle;
(7) Cattle treading upon Seedlings.
(8) Indiscriminate cutting and removal of leaves by ryots, rope makers, basket makers,

(9) Black beetles produced ~~in the~~ in the dung of cattle, boring holes in the tender stems of trees and eating up tender shoots

Excise officials cannot be expected to be on the spot every day to prevent the above evils. Hence the necessity of the services of the aforesaid village officials.

4. I beg to solicit that as a preventive measure the unoccupied Government lands containing Toddy-yielding trees, may be exempted from "Hubbard Sales, the grass growing on the said lands being sold on condition that the purchaser shall cut and remove it without injuring date, Sago or palmyra seedlings, but shall not be entitled to graze it by cattle. I have the honor to be

Sir
your most obedient servant
[illegible]
Excise Commissioner

1892.

From,

The Deputy Commissioner
Tumkur District

To.

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Dated 1st/2nd August 1892.

No. 328.

His docket No. 740-47/13 of the 30th ultimo.

Has the honor to state that the undersigned has already intimated his opinion that it is enough for the present if a sum of 500 Rs. is provided for a year for remunerating the Shanbogues, Patels, tories &c. for toddy work, the reward being given not on account of collecting the toddy revenue but for conserving and improving the toddy topes.

(signed). B. K. Venkatavardeng
Deputy Commissioner

From,

The Deputy Commissioner
Tumkur District

To,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

No.

No. 1192.

Dated 14th/16th February 1893.

His docket No. 3958-64/109, of the 23rd ultimo calling for reply to his No. 740-47/13 of the 30th July last re-remuneration to Patels and Shanbogues.

I has the honor to state that his docket of the 30th July 1892 was replied to in this Office Docket No. 328 of the 1st August 1892. In it it was stated that no remuneration was necessary either to the Patels or Shanbogues for collecting toddy revenue, their duty being to collect arrears, due to Government. Further to state that the collection of todd revenue is not a difficult task requiring remuneration. But the Patels, Tolis &c may be remunerated for improvements done by them to Toddy topes, and for this purpose it was suggested that a sum of Rupees 50 /- might be provided for a year.

(signed) B. K. Seetharamaiengar
Deputy Commissioner

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Income

To,

To,

The Deputy Commissioner
Trichinopoly District.

Dated 8/10th February 1893.

No. 4301/62.

The Deputy Commissioner's No. 1192 dated 4th instant.

In reply has the honor to state that the undersigned concurs in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner that no remuneration is required for Patels and Shanbogues for collecting toddy revenue, as, under the present Rules, Toddy Vend Farmers have to pay their Kists direct into Taluk Treasuries, on the Chellans supplied to them.

2. It is desirable, however, that some remuneration should be given to village officials for looking after and improving date groves. Requests therefore that the Deputy Commissioner will be good enough to furnish a detailed Statement, showing by Taluks and villages, how he intends to distribute the sum of Rs. 5000 proposed by him for the purpose.

(Signed). L. Ricketts.
Excise commissioner
in Mysore. I.

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Dharwar District

To.

The Excise Commissioner
in Poona.

Dated 11th February 1893.

No. 1243.

With docket No. 401/62 of the 8th instant.

Beg to state with reference to para 2 of the above that it is not possible now to state how much money would be required for each Taluk. It is proposed to reward such of the Patils, Jotis and Talaris in the District as really improve the date Groves and show them. For this purpose a sum of Rs. 500 per annum is sufficient.

(Signed). B. R. Venkatavardiengar.
Deputy Commissioner

"Copy"

Collector.
Excise Commissioner
in Bombay.

II

Gen. 30.]

1895 — 12948. R 3500

SECTION 24 From

FILE No. 13:87 The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

SERIAL No. 10

Submitted under

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the ~~Dewan of Mysore.~~ Government of Mysore

Dated 30-12-95

Despatched 1-4-96 Excise Deptt

Received

Enclosure No. 1

General No. 4096

No. 387

~~In reply to~~ In Continuation

4095/388 30/3/96

SUBJECT.

Submits with opinion Copy of Communication from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, regarding Remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work

RS 9/4

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

II

Enc: 1

No. 4096/387

Excise Commissioner's Office

Bangalore, 30th March 1895.
1st April.

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To,

The Under Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise Department

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No: 4095/386, dated 30th instant, I have the honor to forward, herewith copy of letter No: 1046, dated 6th April 1894, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, regarding remuneration to Patels and Shanbogues in connection with the new Toddy Scheme, and to state

State that my opinion and recommendation contained in my above letter, equally apply to the Hassan District.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most Obedient Servant

S Mubbetty

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Hassan District.

Hassan dated 6th April 1894

9a

From,

P. N. Purnaiya Esquire
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District.

To,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to your circular Docket no: 1872-75/91, dated 27th November/29 1893, regarding remuneration to Patels and Shanbogues in connection with new Toddy Scheme, I have the honor to state that when once the Scheme is set going well, the village authorities have little or nothing to do except to watch offences which must be regarded as their legiti-

-mate

-mate duty. I am only disposed to make exception of the village Toti in consideration of no remuneration being settled in his case since Ayya income ceased. I would pay him one rupee a month for watching the grove and reporting offences &c.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servant
(Sd) P. N. Purnaiya.
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan District.

"Copy"
Mulitts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

III

Gen. 30.

1895 R 3534

SECTION 21 *From*

FILE NO. 136 1895-96

SERIAL NO. 2 *To*

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

10

Submitted under

~~*The Chief*~~ *Secretary to the* ~~*Dewan of Mysore.*~~

9/4 RS

Dated 30th April 1895 *Government of*

Despatched *Mysore*

Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 4097

No. 388

~~*In reply to*~~ *In continuation*

L. 96/87 & 30/-

SUBJECT.

Submits his opinion on the proposal of the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, which has been sent direct to Government regarding Remuneration to village officials in Connection with Toddy work.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

111

Enc: Lil

No. 4097
388

Excise Commissioner's Office

Bangalore. 30th March 1893

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Under Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise Department.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No: 4096, dated 30th instant, I
387
have the honor to state that the
Deputy Commissioner of the Kadu
District, has submitted his pro-
posals direct to Government
in his letter No: 135, dated 17th June
1892, a copy whereof has been
received in this Office, regarding
remuneration

remuneration to village Officials
in connection with the new Toddy
Scheme, and that I have nothing
to add to what I have observed
and proposed in my letter No: 4095/386
dated 30th instant. The scale of
remuneration which I have re-
commended therein, may be
adopted for the Madura District
also.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

Stuart

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

(General Serial No. 30.)

1892.

OFFICE OF THE ... MYSORE

3370
21 JUN 9
E&S

SECTION

FILE No.

SERIAL No. 40

From The Deputy Commr
Kadur Distt

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

Dated 17th

Despatched 18th June

Received

Enclosures No. 2

General No. 135 } 1892 – 93.
No.

Submitting statement showing the number of Shanbhogs, Patels, and Kulwadis employed on Toddy work and the remuneration that may be given them; the memo attached to the list will show the principles upon which the proposals are made &c –

Rep. Mem 20/6/92

Sub

Sent

E. a. C. 7. R. No: 80

6/7/92

BZ
24-6-92

B/ No. 96 D/ 2-7-9
& Ors No. R.T. 17-92 5

Forwarded to the Excise Comm in continuation of this Spl docket no. 5113/469 of the 21st June/9

2nd July 1892

By order

Kadur District,
Deputy Commissioner's office,
Dated Chitrnagalur 17th June 1892.

From,

The Deputy Commissioner,
Kadur District.

To,

The Chief Secretary
to the Dewan of Mysor.

Sir,

With reference to your Docket No. $\frac{2359-65}{20}$ dated 11th Ultimo, and in continuation of my letters Nos 80 and 86 of 12th and 17th Idem on the working of the new Toddy Scheme, I have the honor to forward herewith a Statement shewing the number of Shanbhogs, Patels and Kulvadis that have to be employed on Toddy Work and the remuneration that may be given to them - Vide para 13 of the Proceedings No. $\frac{1019-29}{civ.\ 4}$ of 12th April 1892. The Memo attached to the List will show the principles upon which

the proposals are made.

Having received the suggestions of Messrs. McDonell and Gopalisingar, I have issued orders to Taluks on paras 10, 11 and 12 of the Proceedings. I reserve details so I hope copies of the Special Officers' suggestions are before Government.

The extent of claim of Inamdars to the Toddy Revenue adverted to in para 5 of the Proceedings will be reported in due course. Notices have been given, through Taluks, requiring the Inamdars to present themselves with their Sunnads, or to prove their recognized long enjoyment. It may be mentioned here that the only Taluk in this District in which there are Jodi villages having toddy trees is Kadiri.

Steps have been taken to scrutinize the Muchalikas referred to in para 15; the other instructions

given in the said para are noted for guidance.

I have in anticipation of sanction entertained the mar:=ginally noted hands, and request the early orders of Govern:=ment confirming my action and also to employ other hands suggested in my 2 letters quoted above.

Inspectors on Rs 15+10 each.
Daroga on " 30+15
Treasury Gumasta - Rs 15.

I have still the charge of the Excise Department directly under me, pending the arrival of 2d Assistant Commissioner Mr North, whose latest instalment of leave expires on the 28th Inst:=stant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

H H Parker
Deputy Commissioner
Kadir Dist.

Inl

Memo explaining the Principles upon which the Village Servants have been recommended to be appointed for Toddy Work and upon which the remuneration is proposed to be fixed.

Kulvadis or Talawars are recommended to each village where there is a Vanam on a remuneration of Rupees 12/- per annum for each Kulvadi or Talari.

2. Patels and Shanbhogs are recommended to each village where there is a Vanam,

(1) on a remuneration of Rs 24/- each in cases in which the Contract amount of Shop or Shops to which the Vanam of the village supplies toddy exceeds Rupees 1000/-

(2). Rupees 12/- when it exceeds 100 but does not exceed 1000;

and (3) and nothing when it falls below Rupees 100/- (as it can be collected by those Servants without extra remuneration other than their Revenue Potai).

(3). No remuneration is recommended for Patels ——————— and Shanbhogs of Villages which have Shop or Shops without vanams for the following reasons.

(a) The daily keeping of accounts of receipt, consumption and stock of Toddy appears unnecessary as it would be impossible for the Shanbhog and Patel to be present at the shop daily for this sole purpose; besides it is considered unnecessary to keep these retail accounts when the toddy is sold on Contract and when an account of issue is kept by the Patel and Shanbhog of the Vanam which supplies today to the Shop. If it is however considered necessary that these accounts should be kept, the Shop Keepers themselves may be directed to Keep Tin as in the case of Retail Arrack Shop Keepers.

(b) In this District, the Taluks of Chikmaglur and Tarikere are let out on Contract not by Shops,

but by Talukas as a whole - Hence the collection work is very light, there being only one man in each Taluk from whom the amount has to be collected.

In Kadir Taluk the contract is given by Shops and the Patels can well be made to collect the amounts, as there is not more than one shop in each village.

The prevention of illicit sale of Toddy forms part of a Patel's duty in his Police Capacity and he can frequently look to this himself or depute his servants to do it in his absence.

No remuneration is recommended to the Patels of Villages of other Districts which supply Toddy to the Talukas of this District, nor to the Patels of Villages in which the Toddy of Trees standing on occupied lands is let out on contract, nor to the Toddy of Jodi villages.

In noting down the scales of remuneration referred to in para above - regard is made

(a) to one grove supplying toddy to several shops - in which case the remuneration is fixed upon the Contract amount of all such shops (See Grove No. 7 from 1 to 67 in the list)

(b) To one shop or shops receiving Toddy from several Groves - in which case the Contract amount of the Shops is divided proportionately to the number of Groves in several villages (See Grove No. 7 from 8 to 13 in the list).

H H Parker

Deputy Commissioner,
Kadiri Div.

48	Bukkasagara	Do	1	Hosakote Hosapete Bindaga Bhaktarahalli	Do	1125	9	3	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"	
				Total		41712	2	"	35	552	"	"	35	552	"	"	46	552	"	"	
				Chikmaglur Taluk.																	
1	Kalasapura	Chikmaglur	1	Kalasapura	Chikmaglur	169	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	Part of Rs 675-6-
2	Eeswarahalli			Do		169	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	Do
3	Bhaktarahalli			Do		169	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	Do
4	Sindagere			Do		168	6	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	Do
				Total		675	6	"	4	48	"	"	4	48	"	"	4	48	"	"	
		Grand Total				42387	8	"	39	600	"	"	39	600	"	"	50	600	"	"	

Tarikere - Koppa - Mudgere

No vanams or Groves.

Chikmagalur
17th June 1892

M. Sparkes
Deputy Commissioner
Kadur District

A.S.

44	Lingalapura	Kadur	1	Portion of the contract amount of Tarikere and other 4 shops	Do —	1860	"	"									
			2	Lingadahalli 600 Kudeva — 60 Kallattipura — 1200 Santweri — 1800 Sampigekan 120 Gulladamane 360 Tekane — 120 Total 4260	Do —	2130	"	"									part of 4260.
				Total —		3990	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
45	Hiriyangala	Kadur	1	part of 4260 the contract amount of Lingadahalli & other 6 shops.	Tarikere	2130	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
46	Nagarahalu	Do —	1	part of the contract amount viz Rs 6918-9-6 of Chikmaglur & other 6 shops.	Chikmaglur.	2306	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
47	Bramhasa-mudra	Do —	1	Lakya —																
			2	Karchalli —	Do —	1065	8	9	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
			3	Joladahal —																

40	Madapura	Do-	1	Ajjampur Hanne- Begur-	Tarikere	350	"	"										
			2	Gadihalli-	Do-	B 80	"	"										
			3	Sollapura-	Do-	C 120	"	"										
				Total		550	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
41	Antragatte	Do-	1	Ajjampur Hanne- Begur-	Tarikere	D 350	"	"										
			2	Koppadahalli- 960 Hirikanavangala 60	Do-	520	"	"										
				Total		870	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
42	Jakkanahalli	Do-	1	1/6 of Ajjampoor & other 2 villages	Tarikere	350	"	"										
			2	1/3 of Koppadahalli & Hirikanavangala	Do-	520	"	"										
				Total-		870	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
43	Birsur	Do-	1	Tarikere 2040- Huralihalli 120 Mundre- 360 Chattahalli- 180-	Tarikere	1860	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
				Total 3720														

A. 1/6 of Rs 2100 the contract amount of the shops in these 3 villages-

B. Portion of 240 Rs, the contract amount of the shop in the village.

C. Portion of 240. the contract amount of the shop in the village.

D Portion of the contract amount of the shops in these villages-

1/3 of 1550

40	Madapura	Do-	1	Ajjampur Hanne- Begur-	Tarikere	A 350	"	"												A. 1/6 of Rs 2100 the contract amount of the shops in these 3 villages-
			2	Gadihalli-	Do-	B 80	"	"												B. Portion of 240 Rs, the contract amount of the shop in the village
			3	Sollapura-	Do-	C 120	"	"												C- Portion of 240. the contract amount of the shop in the village.
				Total		550	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
41	Antragatte	Do-	1	Ajjampur- Hanne- Begur-	Tarikere	D 350	"	"												D portion of the contract amount of the shop in these villages-
			2	Koppadahalli- 960 Hirikanavangala 60	Do-	520	"	"												1/3 of 1550
				Total		870	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
42	Jakkanahalli	Do-	1	1/6 of Ajjampoor & other 2 villages	Tarikere	350	"	"												
			2	1/3 of Koppadahalli & Hirikanavangala	Do-	520	"	"												
				Total-		870	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"
43	Birsur	Do-	1	Tarikere 2040- Huralihalli 120 Mundre- 360 Chattahalli- 180- Total 3720	Tarikere	1860	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"

44	Lingalapura	Kadur	1	Portion of the contract-amount of Tarikere and other 4 shops —	Do —	1860	"	"					
			2	Lingadahalli 600 Wudeva — 60- Kallattipura — 1200 Santweri — 1800 Sampigekan 120 Gulladamane 360 Tekane — 120 Total 4260	Do —	2130	"	"					Part of 4260.
				Total —	3990	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
45	Hirejangala	Kadur	1	Part of 4260 the contract-amount of Lingadahalli & other 6 shops.	Tarikere	2130	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
46	Nagarahalu	Do —	1	part of the contract-amount viz Rs 6918-9-6 of Chikmaglur & other 6 shops.	Chikmaglur	2306	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
47	Bramhasamudra	Do —	1	Lakya —	Do —	1065	8	9	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"
			2	Karehalli —																
			3	Joladahal —																

29	Belagur	Kadur	1	Belagur					1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	Though the shops in these 3 villages are leased together for Rs 790/- Village servants are to be appointed for each village in as much as toddy is supplied from the groves of each of these villages.
30	Marvanji	Do	2	Marvanji	Kadur	790	8	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	
31	Kabbala	Do	3	Kabbala					1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	
32	Maligatta	Do	1	Maligatta	Do	153	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	
33	Chattnahalli	Do	1	Chattnahalli	Do	38	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"	
34	Mallapura	Do	1	Mallapura	Do	38	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"	
35	Yardakere	Do	1	Yaradakere	Do	72	12	"													*-1/2 of the contract amount of Antharagatte shop
			2	Antharagatte	Do	*165	12	"													
				Total		178	8	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	
36	Hooligondi	Do	1	Hooligondi	Kadur	12	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"	
37	Jodi Mallenhalli	Do	1	Mallenhalli	Do	5 1/2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	The Govt need not bear the establishment charges of jodi villages.
38	Jodi Hochihalli (Jodi)	Do	1	Jodi Hochihalli	Do	25	8	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
39	Amritmahal		1	Mudagoondi		240	"	"													
—	Kaval of	Do	2	Baggavalli		720	"	"													
—	Belavala		3	Sokke		60	"	"													
			4	Nagavangala		600	"	"													
			5	Kuntanamadu		120	"	"													
			6	Gadihalli	Larikere	*80	"	"													*1/3 of Rs 240 which is the contract amount of the shop in the village
				Total		1820	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"	

			9	Hirikanavanyalu Rs 600-	Do —	A 5 20	"	"														A 1/3 of Rs. 1560—0—
				Total		2017	8	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"		
21	Sanchalli	Do —	1	Sanchalli —	Kadur	153	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
22	Bisalere —	Do	1	Bisulere —	Do —	140	4	"														
			2	Ajjampoor 1860	Tarikere.	B															B 1/6 of Rs 2100—0—0	
			3	Hanne. 120		350	"	"														
			4	Begur — 120																		
				Total		490	4	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
23	Kuppalu	Do —	1	Kuppalu	Kadur	204	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
24	Kunduru	Do —	1	Rangapura —	Do	63	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"		
25	Lakkenahalli	Do —	1	Lakkenahalli	Do —	63	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"		
26	Mallagatta	Do —	1	Mallagatta —	Do —	102	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
27	Nanjappgna halli	Do —	1	Bannahalli	Do —	89	4	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"		
28	Yellambelasi	Do —	1	Yellambelasi	Do —	382	8	"														
			2	Ajjampur. Hanne — Begur —	Tarikere	C 350	"	"													C 1/6 of the contract amount of the shop in these villages —	
			3	Gadihalli	Do —	D 80	"	"													D. 1/3 of Rs 240, the contract amount of the shop in the village -	
			4	Sollapura —	Do	E 120	"	"													E. 1/2 of Rs 240, the contract amount of the shop in the village	
				Total		932	8	"	1.	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		

13	Singatigere	Kadur	1	Singatigere	Kadur	51	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"		
14	Hoskihalli	Do	1	Hoskihalli	Do	306	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
15	Bidare	Do	1	Bidare	Do	102	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
16	Yagati	Do	1	Yagati — Pura	Do	535	8	"														
			2	Hirayuru — Kallakere	Do	306	"	"														
				Total		841	8	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
17	Kottigere	Do	1	Kottigere	Do	114	12	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
18	Kunkanadu	Do	1	Kunkanadu	Do	140	4	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
19	Annagere	Do	1	Muttanegere																		
			2	Anngere	Do	573	12	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"		
			3	Nidavalli																		
			4	Mallenahalli																		
20	Garje	Do	1	Kediggere	Do	535	8	"														
			2	Garje	Do	127	8	"														
			3	Asandi	Do	318	12	"														
			4	Anbagatte	Do	×165	12	"														
			5	Ajjampur	Tankere	×350	"	"														
			6	Hanne																		
			7	Begur																		
			8	Kokkadahalli																		

× Half of Rs 331-8-0

× The contract Amount of the sho in these 3 village is 1/6 of 2100.

			8	Chikmaglur	Chikmagalur.																		
			9	Kiremaglur																			
			10	Indawara		2306 *	"	"															
			11	Allumpura																			
			12	Eerannana Kanave																			
			13	Nirvandevara matt																			
				Total-		4091	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"				
8	Annagere.	Do —	1	Annagere	Kadur	63	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"				
9	Vappahunase	Do —	1	Vappahunase	Do —	127	8	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"				
10	Kallapura -	Do -	1	Kallapura —	Do —	63	12	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	12	"	"				
11	Dandinahole	Do -	1	Balliganoora	Do —	446	4	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"	1	12	"	"				
12	Kidagatta	Do -	1	Koolikere	Do -	318	12	"															
			2	Banooru	Do —	433	8	"															
			3	Kidagatta																			
				Chikmaglur -	Chikmaglur.																		
				Kiremaglur -																			
				Indawara -																			
				Allumpura -		2306 *	"	"															
				Eerannana Kanave																			
				Nirvanadevara matta																			
				Total		3058	4	"	1	24	"	"	1	24	"	"	1	12	"	"				

* The contract amount of 6 shop from 8 to 13 is one third of Rs 6918-9-6

* The contract amount of the shop in these six village is one third of Rs 6918-9-6

Gen. 30.

SECTION 2

FILE No. 124 / 89

SERIAL No. 2

From (12) 1895

The Excise Commissioner & Mysore.

13121

6 APR 95

C 3548

Submitted for orders

To

Under

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the Government ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.

Dated 2

Despatched 5th } April 1895

Received

Excise Department

Enclosure No. 5

General No. 4147

No. 394

~~In reply to~~ This Office No. 4097/388

dated 30-3-95. 1-4

SUBJECT.

Forwards with opinion copy of communication from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, regarding remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work.

Dev. 6/4/95

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

8/4

8/4

IV

Excise Commissioner's Office

Bangalore, 2nd April 1895.

Enc: 5

No 4147/394

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To,

The Under Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise Department.

Sir,

This Office No. 4097/388, dated 30th March/1st April 1895.

In continuation of the above I have the honor to forward herewith, copy of letter No. 2602/197, dated 20th Febru 1893, from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District together with its original enclosures, containing proposa for remunerating village officials in connection with toddy work, and to state that my remarks and recommenda -tions in my letter No. 4095/386, dated 30th ultimo, regarding the Tumkur District equally apply to the Shimoga District

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

[illegible]
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

O. 2602/197

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Shimoga District
Dated 20th February 1893
Camp Sirakoppa.

129/a n/a

To,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to Government Proceedings No. 1597-606/R.F.17-92, dated 26th July 1892, and reminder do chet No. 740-47/13, dated 30th July last, I have the honor to submit copy of a Memo received from the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Excise Duty of this District, and recommend that the proposals therein made may be sanctioned at least tentatively for two years, during which time the working of the system will be watched and the necessary modifications, if any, noted down for consideration at the end of the term.

2. The proposals now submitted have been drawn up by the Assistant Commissioner after personal discussion with me.

3. A Statement of the establishment

establishment mentioned is appended.

4. Mr. Ramasami Iyer B. A. Assistant Commissioner, is still in charge of the Excise duties, and the Toddy Gumasta works in his office. The Gumasta prepares the monthly statements of collections of both the Arrack and Toddy Revenue from the District Treasury accounts, and I pass the necessary orders on the statements month by month.

5. The Treasury Officer of the District being also the Jail Superintendent and the Municipal Vice President &c with his hands full in the magisterial work, I have not yet been able to place him in charge of the Excise duties, not only on account of the heavy work he has to do, but also owing to the changes among the Treasury officers and the fact of Mr. Ramasami Iyer B. A. being just in charge of the work some time before the receipt of your instructions.

6. I shall, however, relieve the Treasury Officer of a part of his work.

work shortly, assigning him the Excise duties, as the arrangements communicated by Mr Ramasami Iyer B.A. have nearly been completed.

I have &c.

(Signed) Abdul Rahman H.B.

Deputy Commissioner

Shimoga District

"Copy"

Shiketts

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

Statement of the Dooby Establishment entertained in the Shimoga District.

12
1
6

	Designation	Cost per annum			Total Cost per annum
		Pay	allowance	Total	
Head Quarter Attic	Dooby Sumasta	15	.	15	180.
" "	Dooby Daroga	30	15	45	540
	Peon to do.	8	.	8	96
Shimoga Taluk	Dooby Inspector	15	10	25	300
Chanagiri "	2 - do —	(1) 15	10	25	600
Honnali "	Dooby Insp[r]	(1) 15	10	25	
Shikarpur "	- do. -	15	10	25	300
Sorab - "	- do -	15	10	25	300
		7	3	10	120.
	Total :	135	68	203	[illegible]

Camp Shimoga
20/2/93

Head Quarters
Dy Commissioner

No.
77

12

Memo.

A statement received from Talukas shewing villages in which Vanams and Shops exist and where the services of Patels, Shanbhogs and other village Servants are required and the remuneration to be paid to them is appended.

As regards the remuneration it will be seen that the Amildars vary in their opinions. The Shimoga Amildar recommends Rs 12/- to village Servants, Chamaji in and Honnali Amildars Rs 10/-, the Amildar of Shikaripur would give Rs 6 to Patels and 4 to Shanbhogs. The Sorab Amildar makes the same proposal and adds that Rs 3/- may be given to Dotias. None of these proposals however seem to be in accordance with the principles laid down in Govt Pro. No. $\frac{1019-29}{\text{Ci 4}}$ of 12th April 192 Para (12) Clause (b) of which clearly states that a small percentage on

Shewn therein is much less than would be required under the Proceedings.

Subjoined are two Statements of the No. of Patels, Shanbhogs and Totis drawn up one according to the requisitions of the Amildars, and the other prepared from the information furnished therein so as to include the Patels required for villages in which only Inams exist.

+ Separate Statements attached

It will be seen from the above that I have allowed 2 per cent to Patels and one per cent to Shanbhogs on the Collections. Any smaller percentage, it appears to me, will hardly be a sufficient incentive to the village Servants especially to the Patels. A uniform rate of Rs 10/- per annum is recommended to Totis. The aggregate cost is according to this calculation Rs 2106-3-- per annum which according to the Amildars proposals it is slightly in excess

an amt Rs

Statement of Patels, Sanbhogs & Jotiers, and the remuneration to be paid to them for Jodi work.

Talukas	No. of Patels in villages where Vanams Exist.	No. of Patels in the Villages where Toddy Shops exist.	Total No. of Patels	Remuneration to be given to Patels at 2%	No. of Sanbhogs required for performing Toddy work	Remuneration to Sanbhogs at 1%	No. of Jotiers to guard Vanams	Yearly allowance to Jotiers.
Shimoga.	11	19	30	112·28	11	56·14	11	110
Chanagiri	37	36	73	503·2	17	251·6	37	370
Honnali	4	12	16	95·84	2	47·92	4	40
Shikarpur	19	9	28	48·2	28	24·1	19	190
Sorab	22	15	37	25·08	10	12·54	22	220
Total	93	91	184	784·6	68	392·3	93	930

Copy

Abdul Rahman, Dy Sy 59 B. Ramaswamiyer
Asst. Comm

Statement shewing the No of Patels, Shanbhogs and Jotis and the remuneration to be paid to them for Jodry work in the Shimoga District, prepared as per Amildars' Bills -

Taluk.	No. of Patels.	Amount of remuneration	No. of Shanbhogs.	Amount of remuneration	No. of Jotis	Amount of remuneration
Shimoga.	11	132 - -	11	132 - -	11	132 - -
Chanagiri	37	370 - -	17	170 - -	37	370 - -
Honnali.	4	40 - -	2	25 - -	4	48 - -
Shikarpur	28	168 - -	28	112 - -	28	280 - -
Sorab	12	51 - -	10	41 - -	13	38 - -
Total	92	761 - -	68	480 - -	93	868 - -

Copy

Sd/ B. Ramaswamiyer
Asst. Commr
in charge of Excise.

Sd/ Robt. Robinson KBr
Dy Commissioner

VI

Gen. 30.

13

1895 13127 Q3546.

SECTION

FILE No.

SERIAL No. To

From The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

Under Secretary to the Government of Mysore.

Dated 3rd
Despatched 5th
Received

Excise Department April 1895.

Enclosure No. 3

General No. 4149
No. 396

In reply to This office No. 4148 dated 3rd instant. 395
5th

SUBJECT.

Forwards with opinion copy of communication from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, regarding remuneration to village Officials in connection with Toddy work.

Rev 6/4/96

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

VI.

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. 4149/396

Bangalore, 3rd/5th April 1895.

(13)

From,

The Excise Commissioner

in Mysore

To,

The Under Secretary to the

Government of Mysore

Excise Department

Sir,

With reference to this Office No. 4148/395, dated 3rd/5th inst.

In continuation of the above, I have the honor to forward, herewith, copy of letter No. 270, dated 25th/28th January 1895 (received on the 30th March 1895) from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District together with its original enclosures, containing proposals for remunerating village officials in connection with Toddy work, and to state that my remarks and recommendations in my

my letter No. 4095/386, dated 30th. ultimo, regarding the Tumkur District, equally apply to the Bangalore District.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

L Micketts

Excise Commissioner

in Mysore.

No A 270
Encs: 2 Statements.

Deputy Commissioners Office
Bangalore district
dated 25/28th January 1895

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore
Bangalore

Sir,

In reference to your No. 740-47/13 dated 30th July 1892, and its subsequent reminders ending with No. 3472-3/156 dated 16th ultimo, I have the honor to submit that I do not consider it necessary to remunerate any village servant except for the conservancy of large vanams. The new System has worked as well as it can be these three years, and I do not think that we can improve it by spending money on village servants. I, however, enclose a Statement showing villagewar Shops and vanams with probable number of trees, rentals &c

which

which will enable you to decide as to what remuneration should be paid in case you differ from me.

2. If any village has 1000 or more government trees to conserve, I think some special arrangement for conservancy is desirable. One or more village tolties according to the number of trees and their situation may be specially appointed to look after them as we now do in the case of some of our Revenue plantations. But if the number is very large say 10,000 or more, it would be better to appoint special watchers or Tolties. Roughly 5 Rupees for 10,000 trees for a year ought to suffice for conservancy I do not think it is necessary to remunerate the Patels of these villages, as our Inspectors ought in my districts where vandins are not many to

be

be able to see that Peties do their watching. If Potels need be remunerated for the conservancy of trees 2 Rupees per 1000 trees a year, not exceeding 30 Rupees a year may be allowed to a Potel.

3. I append a Statement showing the cost proposed by me. This gives a rough estimate, as the number of trees shown in the Statement referred to in para 2 is merely an estimate.

I have the honor &c.

(Signed) K. Chandy.
For Deputy Commissioner

"Copy"

Mr Ketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Bangalore	Nil		Nil		
Nelamangala	Nil		Nil		
Doddballapur	Nelkunte	525	5	2	
	Cheelanahalli	503	5	2	
	Hosahalli	10,000	*	20	* A Special Watcher required for this Vanam.
	Arodi	1,000	5	2	
	Gundangere	1,000	5	2	
Devanhalli	Kundana	2,500	15	6	
Chennapatna	Mangalwarpete	505	5	2	
	Bilikere	4,800	25	10	
	Malavr	1,828	10	4	
	Kolur	21,600	*	30	* A Special watcher required for this Vanam.
	Virupakshipura	500	5	2	
	Arlalasandra	4000	20	8	
	Kanchigamahalli	1000	5	2	
	Jalamangala	1000	5	2	

Gabbadi	2000.	10	--	4	--
Maralawádi	500.	5	--	2	--
Rampura	4000.	20	--	8	--
Vadwangere	2000.	10	--	4	--
Mullenhalli	500.	5	--	2	--
Malligemathu	500.	5	--	2	--
Avarenala	2000.	10	--	4	--
Hoskote	Nil.		Nil		
Anekal	Nil		Nil		

Deputy Commrs Office
Bangalore District
Dated 28th March 1895

Mg.

Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore District.

Hagadi	Thalarikaval	650.	5	"	"	2	"
	Chichmudgere	3000.	15	"	"	6	"
	Thipsandra	1200	5	"	"	2	"
	Sankighatta	1500.	10	"	"	4	"
	Helbalalu	1800.	10	"	"	4	"
	Hulikal	500	5	"	"	2	"
	Moyasandra	4000.	20	"	"	8	"
	Yellapura	3200	15	"	"	6	"
	Seebanahalli	2000	10	"	"	4	"
	Dodmudgere	1250.	5	"	"	2	"
	Malladandra	1000.	5	"	"	2	"
	Thalchere	2000.	10	"	"	4	"
	Baganigere	4,000.	20	"	"	8	"
	Neralahere	1500.	10	"	"	4	"
	Hullanahalli	500.	5	"	"	2	"

Bangalore Taluk

Jelahanka	Jalahanka	S	1	1	1	1			
Avalahalli	Avalahalli	S	1	1	-	1			Jelahanka
	Chick Banawar	S+V	1	1	1	1	30		Chick Banaw
	Kamgondahalli	S+V	1	1	1	1	215		Kamgondahal
Jesawanchapura	Jesawanchapura	S							
	Nagavara	S	1	1	-	1			Jeswanchapura
Krishnarajpur	Krishnarajpur	S	1	1	-	1			Krishnarajpur
Agara	Madivala	S	1	1	-	1			Madivala
Begur	Begur								
	Gottigere	S	1	1	-	1			Begur
Varthoor	Varthoor	S	1	1	-	1			Varthoor
Kengari	Kengari	S+V	1	1	1	1	30		
	Ramasandra	-do-	1	1	1	1	200		Kengari
	Kumbalgudu	S	1	1	-	1			
	Ramohalli	S+V	1	1	-	1			Kumbalgude
	Kambipura	S	1	1	-	1			Kambipura
	Herohalli	S	1	1	-	1			Kengari
	Cotherahalli	S	1	1	-	1			Cotherahalli
	Byamana Polly	S	1	1	-	1			Byamanapolly
	Narayandahalli	V	1	1	1	1	35		Kengari
	Salekere	V	1	1	1	1			do
	Kongatta	V	1	1	1	1	30		do
	Kannale	V	1	1	1	1			do
	Chinnakuchi	V	1	1	1	1	200		Kumbalgud
	Tippur	V	1	1	1	1	50		Jakkur
	Ittamadayu	V	1	1	1	1	20		cotherahalli
	Talgatpura	V	1	1	1	1	200		Reserved Forest
	Gollahalli	V	1	1	1	1	30		Cotherahalli
			26	26	14	26			

Nelamangala

Nelamangala	Nelamangala	S							
	Yettigankalli	S	1	1	1	-	20		Nelamangala
	Madavara	V	1	1	1	-	80		do

3837	12	-	1920	-	-	G.S.
~~867~~	-	-	1428	-	-	G.S.
459	-	-	252	-	-	I.S.
~~2218~~	8	-				
~~462~~	3	-				G.S.
						G.S.
						G.S
1848	12	-	1848	12	-	G.S.
255	-	-	255	-	-	G.S.
3901	8	-	3120	-	-	G.S.
1810	8	-	732	-	-	G.S.
994	-	-	600	-	-	I.S
3901	8	-	3120	-	-	G.S
1083	12	-				G.S
1020	-	-	1272	-	-	I.S
3901	8	-	3120	-	-	G.S
			Do	do		G.S
			Do	do		G.S
			Do	do		G.S
1810	8	-	732	-	-	G.S
						-
1083	12	-	-	-	-	G.S.
						I.G
1083	12	-	-	-	-	G.S
3315	-	-	3381	-	-	G.S.

(1) During the year 1892-93, all the Government shop farms, Inam shop farms, and Inam Grove farms of Bangalore Taluk, were blended with Bangalore City and Cantonment land farms in one lot and sold to Mr. Pattiappa. Hence rental for each farm for the year 1892-93 could not be shewn Separately.

(2). During the year 1893-94 Madivala and Krishnarajpura shops were blended with Bangalore City and Cantonment farms. Hence rental could not be shewn Separately.

(3) During the year 1894-95 Madivala, Krishnarajpura, Yeeranchipura Nagawara and Vuttarhalli have been sold as one farm to Mr. Audiappa Chetty for Rs 6000 per annum for 3½ years. Hence rental Could not be shewn Separately.

	Agrahara Pollya	S+V	1	1	1	20	Nelamangala
	Chick Bidar Kallu	V	1	1	-		
Sondekoppa	Chattra	S	1	1	-		
	Alu	do	1	1	-		
	Kasargatta	do	1	1	-		
	Sondekoppa	do	1	1	1	200	Sondekoppa
	Kavathana Pollya	do	1	1	-		
	Madohalli	do	1	1	-		
	Gowdahalli	V	1	1	1		
	Mantalu	V	1	1	1		Sondekoppa
	Gundangere	V	1	1	1		
	Dombarahalli	V	1	1	1		
Hylanhalli	Iyagadahalli	S	1	1	-		
	Gollahalli	S	1	1	-		Nelamangala
	Sayappanahalli	S	1	1	-		
Begur	Begur	S	1	1	-		
	Kalamahalli	S	1	1	-		
	Jonachanokuppe	S	1	1	-		
	Timmasandra	S	1	1	-		
	Madal Kote	S	1	1	-		Begur
	Aribommanahalli	S	1	1	-		
	Honnanarainhalli	S	1	1	-		
	Hodige Bommanhalli	S	1	1	-		
	Byranahalli	S	1	1	-		
Doddahelle	Doddahelle	S	1	1	-		
	Iyamagondlu 2.	S	1	1	-		
	Byranaikanhalli	S	1	1	-		Iyamagondlu
	Muttayadahalli	S	1	1	-		
	Gorayatta	S	1	1	-		
Nigagal	Dobbspet	S	1	1	-		
	Heggunda	S	1	1	-		
	Devarahosahalli	S	1	1	-		Dobbspet
	Hengal Hempohalli	S	1	1	-		
	Nidavanda	S	1	1	-		
	Sivagange	S	1	1	-		Sivaganga

Nelamangala Taluk

3315	"	"	3381	"	"	3021	12	"	G.S
2295	"	"	3547	11	"	4781	4	"	G.S
			Do		do	do			
			Et supra						G.S.
2065	8	"	2822	8	"	2154	12	"	G.S.
4143	12	"	5149	7	"	4194	12	"	G.S.
2040	"	"	2535	11	"	2282	4	"	G.S.
111	9	"	144	8	"	114	12	"	J.S.

	Kembalu	S	1	1	-	-			Basavapatna
	Basavapatna	S	1	1	-	-			
	Averahalli	S	1	1	-	-			
			40	40	8	-	32		
Dodballapur	Dodballapur	S	1	1	-	-			Dodballapura
	Kodigehalli	S	1	1	-	-			
	Iralanalluge	S+V	1	1	1	-			
	Subbarayanapattre	S	1	-	-	-			
	Sivapura	V	1	1	1	-	45		
Kayaghatta	Kayaghatta	S	1	1	-	-			Imelekote
	Imelekote	S	1	1	-	-			
	Timmasandra	S	1	1	-	-			Dodballapur
Thubugere	Thubugere	S	1	1	-	-			Thubugere
	Kadonahalli	S	1	1	-	-			
	Narkranahalli	S	1	1	-	-			
	Gungur	S	1	1	-	-			Gundumgere
	Kantanakunte	S	1	-	1	-			Kantanakunte
	Kallote	V	-	-	-	-			Reserved
Kodihalli	Kadiur	S	1	1	1	-			Gundumgere
	Garadi Sollya	S	1	1	1	-			
Hulkunte	Hulkunte	S	1	1	-	-			Hulkunte
	Alpanahalli	S	1	1	-	-			Alpanahalli
	Gummanahalli	S	1	1	-	-			
	Gollahalli	S	1	1	-	-			
	Adikevala	V	1	1	1	-	36		Reserved
Chippur	Hanalee	S	1	1	-	-			Hanalee
	Vangarahalli	do	1	1	-	-			Gundumgere
	Kanalur	do	1	1	-	-			
	Nelkunte	V	1	1	1	-	525		Reserved
	Chilanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	503		do
Kokolu	Byatta	S+V	1	1	1	-	200		Byatta
	Seekote	S	1	1	-	-			
	Rayankunte	S	1	-	1	-			Rayankunte
	Takkehalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	75		Takkehalli

Dodballapur Taluk

956	4	-	1267	13	-	1772	4	"	G. S.
9190	10	-	8542	8	-	8988	12	-	G. S.
1402	8	"	1445	"	"	1734	-	"	G. S.
1276	1	-	1487	8	-	1657	8	-	G. S.
2560	10	-	2762	8	-	3914	-	-	G. S.
1275	-	-	1275	-	-	1838	12	-	G. S.
382	8	-	435	8	-	841	8	-	G. S.
1530	-	-	1598	-	-	2065	8	-	G. S.
1211	4	-	1360	-	-	1275	-	-	G. S.
2560	10	-	2762	8	-	3914	-	-	G. S.
318	12	-	476	-	-	510	-	-	G. S.
127	8	-	138	14	-	140	4	-	J. S.
255	-	-	255	-	-	612	-	-	G. S.

	Karisonnahalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	Kommanahalli
Honnavara	Kejjaji	S	1	1	-	-	Alparahalli
Kosahalli	Kosahalli	S+V	1	1	1	1	10000 Gundungere
	Kroodi	S+V	1	1	1	1	1000 Kroodi
	Gundungere	S+V	1	1	1	-	1000
	Cpuribalki	V	1	1	1	-	400
	Bankanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	200 Gundungere
	Kadkinte	V	1	1	1	-	35
			37	34	18	2	14119

Devanhalli	Devanhalli	2S	1	1	-	-	
Jala	Chickajala	S	1	1	-	-	
	Narasandra	S+V	1	1	1	-	25
	Bettahalasur alias Sante	S	1	1	-	-	
Budigere	Budigere	S	1	1	-	-	
	Bajalur	S	1	1	-	-	
	Bondikodigenahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
Kroodi	Kroodi	S	1	1	-	-	
	Karihalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Chudahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
Kundana	Kundana	S+V	1	1	1	-	2500
	Beerasandra	S+V	1	1	1		
	Visvanathapura	S+V	1	1	1		
Vadigenahalli	Vadigenahalli	S+V	1	1	-	-	
			14	14	4	-	2525

Anekal	Anekal	S	1	1	-	-	
	Byagadanahalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	300 Anekal
	Kompalgatta	V	1	1	1	-	50
	Rayanakere	V	1	1	1	-	100
Sarjapur	Sarjapur	S	1	1	-	-	- Sarjapur
	Dommasandra	S	1	1	-	-	-
	Girge	V	1	1	1	-	150

1062	8	-	790	8	-	701	4	-	I. Gt S.
2500	10	-	2762	8	-	3914	-	-	G. S.
3570	8	-	3570	8	-	4335	-	-	—

* The Whole Zalak is Sold to one Contractor

9190	-	-	1848	-	-	2052	12	-	G. S.
			1032	12	-	1032	12	-	G. S.

* Not Sold Separately

Gigani	Gigani	S	1	1	-	-	
	Mantapa	S	1	1	-	-	Gigani
	Bannerghatta	S		1	-	-	
	Kajihalli	S+V	1	1	1	- 50	
	Biderkere	V	1	1	1	50	
Hargadde	Hargadde	S		1	-	-	
	Konesandra	S		1	-	-	
	Indlavadi	V	1	1	1	70	Gigani
Iggalur	Submanyala	S		1	-		
	Nemagara	S		1	-	-	
	Chandapura	S		1	-	-	
	Chickahosahalli	S		1	-	-	Chickahosahalli
Attibele	Attibele	S		1	-	-	
	Narayasandra	S		1	-	-	Attibele
	Adigondahalli	S		1	-	-	
Bidurguppe	Huskur	S		1	-	-	
	Hebbegodi	S		1	-	-	Huskur
			~~34~~ 24	24	7	- 77	
Hoskote	Hoskote	S		1	-	-	
Gubbi	Gubbi	S		1	-	-	Hoskote
	Medahalli	S		1	-	-	
Sulebele	Sulebele	S		1	-	-	
	Bendiganahalli	S		1	-	-	Sulebele
	Hosahalli	S		1	-	-	
	Situr	S		1	-	-	
Huskur	Attur	S		1	-	-	
	Jadigamahalli	S		1	-	-	Hoskote
Nandagudi	Nandagudi	S		1	-	-	
	Indiganal	S		1	-	-	Sulebele
	Chickondahalli	S		1	-	-	
Kodgodi	Kodgodi	S		1	-	-	
	Devanagundi	S		1	1	-	Kodgodi
	Archahalli	S		1	1	-	
	Gaunsulur	S		1	-	-	

Accha Sahib

Hoskote Sahib

2460	12	-	2613	12	-	G.S.	* The whole Taluk sold in one lot for the year 1892-93	
624	12	-	663	-	-	G.S.		
777	12	-	1032	12	-	G.S		
050	4	-	459	-	-	G.S.		
			765	-	-	G.S.	For the year 92/93 the Rock Taluk was sold for Rs 2795	
2210	-	-	1848	12	-	G.S.		
2210	-	-	1848	12	-	G.S.		
*			344	4	-	G.S.	* not sold separately	

Mugalur	Mugalur	S	1	1	-	-	Sidlaghatta
	Mugoor	S	1	1	-	-	Mugoor

1818 - -

Chaunapatna	Chaunapatna	S	1	1	-	-	
	Sukravaraspete	S	1	1	-	-	Chaunapatna
	Narayaswaraspete	S+V	1	1	1	505	do
	Patlu	S	1	1	-	-	do
	Vadarkuppe	S+V	1	1	1	35	do
	Kammapurdoddi	S	1	1	-	-	Bavur Drug
	Kempura	S	1	1	1	40	Chaunapatna
Mulur	Bairapatna	S	1	1	-	-	
	Chekkere	S+V	1	1	1	53	Bairapatna
	Hottiganahosahalli	S+V	1	1	1	70	
	Naturpatna	S+V	1	1	1	100	
	Bilikere	S+V	1	1	1	4800	
	Bavur	S	1	1	-	-	Bavur Drug
	Kandsandra	S	1	1	-	-	
	Chickanahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Mulur	V	1	1	1	1828	Chaunapatna
	Mattikere	V	1	1	1	110	Neelsandra
Mudigere	Byasarahalli	S	1	1	1	-	Bavur
	Chekkere	S	1	1	-	-	
	Kukkuru	S	1	1	-	-	Bairapatna
	Nargunahalli	S+V	1	1	1	340	
	Gowdagere	S	1	1	-	-	
	Arlapura	S+V	1	1	1	50	Bavur
	Mandya	S	1	1	-	-	
	Siddanahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Kudluvadi	V	1	1	1	50	
	Mumkunda	V	1	1	1	65	Bairapatna
	Kolur	V	1	1	1	21600	Chaunapatna
	Mudigere	V	1	1	1	450	Bairapatna

Chaunapatna Taluk

127	8	-	242	4	-	140	4	-	S. S.
1445	10	-	9686	5	-	9000			G. S.
3123	-	-	2868	12	-	1920	-	-	G. S.
			already Raked						
5100	-	-	5278	8	-	4378	8	-	G. S.
			already Raked						G. S.
			do						
3207	4	-	3340	8	-	2400	-	-	G. S.
			Ext Supra						
			already Raked						
			Ext Supra						
			Ext Supra						
			do						
			do						

	Konnayakanahalli	V	1	1	1	500	Kavur
Hongunoor	Hongunoor	S	1	1			Veelsandra
	Santhamopanhalli	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Neelisandra	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Veelsandra	S	1	1			Veelsandra
	Sivanahalli	S	1	1			Veelsandra
	Mallenayere	S	1	1			Veelsandra
	Malayala Kosahalli	S+V	1	1	1	100	Santhamopanhalli
	Brahmanpura	V	1	1	1	300	Veelsandra
Perupatchipura	Kodamballi	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Ballapatna	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Mangadahalli	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Srigarapura	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Byrasettihalli	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Bhoovalli	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Booksapura	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Kallapura	S	1	1			Santhamopanhalli
	Shoolari	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Iggaloor	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Chennigenahosahalli	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Ambalidoddi	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Gegigadasandodi	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Devegere	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Kalakere	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Thalamalay	S	1	1			Gegigadasandodi
	Perupatchipura	V	1	1	1	500	Veelsandra
	Bangarahalli	V	1	1	1	50	Santhamopanhalli
	Gadarmangala	V	1	1	1	450	Santhamopanhalli
			57	57	21	31763	

	Celocepet	Celocepet	2	S	1	1	- -	Celocepet
		Guggunahalli		S	1	1	- -	
	Kunigal	Kopohalli		S	1	1	- -	
		Bannikuppe		S	1	1	- -	
		Arkanahalli		S	1	1	- -	
		Gunnoor		S	1	1	- -	
		Kobbalu		S	1	1	- -	
		Manchegowdanpalya		S	1	1	- -	Bedari
		Kumbardoddi		S	1	1	- -	
		Kyloncha		V	1	1	1 -	100 Celocepet
	Bidadi	Bidadi		S	1	1	- -	
		Kurubara Karanpalli		S	1	1	- -	Bidadi
		Sashagirihalli		S	1	1	- -	
	Byramangala	Byramangala		S	1	1	- -	
		Akkankuppe		S	1	1	- -	
		Hosoor		S+V	1	1	1 -	300 Bedari
		Gopalahalli		S+V	1	1	1 -	200
		Manayankahalli		S	1	1	- -	
		Lyanamangala		S	1	1	- -	
		Guddahalli		S	1	1	-	Lyanamangala
	Bairamangala	Manayankahalli		S	1	1	- -	80
		Aralalsandra		V	1	1	1 -	4000
		Kanchigankahalli		V	1	1	1 -	1000 Bidari
	Mokali	Mokali		S+V	1	1	1 -	150
		Jalavangala		S+V	1	1	1 -	1000
		Thadikehhalu		S	1	1	- -	
		Kootugal		S	1	1	- -	
		Jarahalli		S	1	1	- -	Jalavangala
		Gangavadi		S	1	1	- -	
		Akkuru		S	1	1	- -	
		Kyasapura		S	1	1	- -	
		Ankahalli		S	1	1	- -	

	Papanara	S	1	1	-	-		Bana
	Ramayakanapura	V	1	1	1	-	100	

35 35 7 - List

Mayadi	Mayadi Paradha	S	1	1	-	-		Mayadi
	Koopete	S	1	1	-	-		Kurthi do
	Kurthi	S	1	1	-	-		Kurthi
	Kanchikuppe	S	1	1	-	-		Bachanahathi
Mudahalu	Bachanahathi	S	1	1	-	-		do
	Manchanahalu	S	1	1	-	-		
	Mudahalu	S	1	1	-	-		
	Balajavadi	S	1	1	-	-		Agalakote
	Marigavadana doddi	S	1	1	-	-		Bachanahathi
Sathanoor	Kallya	S	1	1	-	-		
	Agalakote	S	1	1	-	-		
	Alakuppe	S	1	1	-	-		
	Chakrabhami	S	1	1	-	-		Agalkote
	Siripattahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Sathanoor	S	1	1	-	-		
	Malari	V	1	1	1	-	158	Kurthi
	Malari Khanal	V	1	1	1		650	Bachanahathi
Tippasandra	Chickmudagere	S+V	1	1	1	-	3000	Mayadi
	Siranasandra	do	1	1	1	-	100	do
	Sannanahalli	S	1	1	-	-		Mayadi
	Thipsandra	S+V	1	1	1	-	1200	Narsandra
	Sankighatta	S+V	1	1	1	-	1500	Sankighatta
	Ramanahalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	50	Kadirahalli
Narasandra	Narsandra	S+V	1	1	-	-		Narasandra
	Lolur Hanumapura	S	1	1	-	-		Lolur
Lolur	Lolur	S	1	1	-	-		
	Aloor	S	1	1	-	-		do

Mayadi Valuer

	Bannadi	S	1	1	-	-	
	Narasapura	S	1	1	-	-	
	Lakkanahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Kebbalalu Swamy Shop	S+V	1	1	1	-	1500 Kebbalalu
	Kachohalli-do	S	1	1	-	-	Kachohalli
	Kuppenapa-do	S	1	1	-	-	Kuppenala
	Gajjagalkuppe-do	S+V	1	1	1	-	300 Gajjagalkuppe
Savarakere	Savarekere	S	1	1	-	-	
	Nadapatna	S	1	1	-	-	} Savarakere
	Arsikunte	S	1	1	-	-	Solur
Kulikal	Kulikal	S+V	1	1	1	-	500
	Narayasandra	S+V	1	1	1	-	4000 } Kulikal
	Chikkanahalli	S	1	1	-	-	}
	Lagganahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Hollapura	S	1	1	-	-	
	Chikkanahalli	-	-	-	-	-	
Shivamutra	Ramanai	V	1	1	1	-	1250
	Kodmudyere	V	1	1	-	-	-
	Jangere	V	1	1	1	-	1000
	Narasandra	V	1	1	1	-	300 Kunjadi
	Lyandahalli	V	1	1	1	-	150
	Kenchanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	120
	Inganahalli	V	1	1	1	-	50
	Liddapura	V	1	1	1	-	2000
	Thalakere	V	1	1	1	-	600 Solool
	Narasomanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	50 do
	Kempapura	V	1	1	1	-	4000 do
	Bajingere	V	1	1	1	-	60 do
	Ranapura	V	1	1	1	-	1500 do
	Kerelakere	V	1	1	1	-	

	Pollyadahalli	V	1	1	1	100	Solur
	Cheickkakalya	V	1	1	1	200	do
Kudoor	Kodahalli	S+V	1	1	1	150	Kodihalli
	Biggoor	S+V	1	1	1	300	
	Kullanahalli	S+V	1	1	1	500	Kudoor
	Trigeripura	S+V	1	1	1	150	
	Kudoor	S	1	1	-	-	
	Muthajadanahalli	V	1	1	1	200	
Gadamaran halli	Gudemaran halli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Kotagondahalli	S	1	1	-	-	Hirtur

66 66 33 - 6/4 81

Kaukanhalli	Kaukanhalli	S+V	1	1	1	800	Kaukanhalli
	Baradanahalli	S	1	1	-	-	
	Vadderadoddi	S	1	1	-	-	
	Segekote	S	1	1	-	-	
	Koottugondahalli	S	1	1	-	-	Sattanoor
	Annanahalli	V	1	1	1	3000	Kaukanhalli
	Jigalarahalli	V	1	1	1	200	
	Paradasi Kampura	V	1	1	1	500	
	Adanakuppe	V	1	1	1	500	
Thungani	Kallahalli	S+V	1	1	1	2000	
	Rajasandra	S+V	1	1	1	6000	
	Kunjondanadoddi	S+V	-	-	-	-	
	Aralalsandra	S+V	1	1	1	300	
	Thurukanahosahalli	S+V	1	1	1	4300	Hanumanagere
	Agara	S+V	1	1	1	4700	
	Doddasadenhalli	S+V	1	1	1	9000	Harohalli
	Korenaghatta	S+V	1	1	1	-	

Maru Kaikanahalli Sattanoor

Anikosahalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	4000	Kanakanahalli	
Jackasandra	S+V	1	1	1	-	500	Mudduvadi	
Byragorodanadalsay	S+V	1	1	1	-		do	
Agegondanadalasay	S+V	1	1	1	-	800	Kommenagere	
Kungani	V	1	1	1	-	500	Kankanhalli	
Agrahara	V	1	1	1	-	1000	Padmanagere	
Gunalu	V	1	1	1	-	50	do.	
Narasandra	V	1	1	1	-	1000	do	
Keerengere	V	1	1	1	-	6000	Mudduvadi	
Cheeloor	V	1	1	1	-	250	do	
Chick Sadenhalli	V	1	1	1	-	6000	Bangalore city & contonement	
Bannikuppe	V	1	1	1	-	500	Mudduvadi	
Chickadevarahalli	V	1	1	1	-	1500	Padmanagere	
Munijenhalu	V	1	1	1	-	50	do	
Koppiganahalli	V	1	1	1	-	500	Kankanhalli	
Mudduvadi	Mudduvadi	S+V	1	1	1	-	80	
	Chickakalnhalu	S+V	1	1	1	-	150	
	Arikahele	S+V	1	1	1	-	800	
	Kanjarahalli	S+V	1	1	1	-	200	
	Gajaredoddi	~~S+V~~ S	1	1	-	-		
	Dumbadahalli	do	1	1	-	-		Mudduvadi
	Kothanoor	S+V	1	1	1	-	50	
	Linjasandra	S	1	1	-	-		
	Thurukara Bannikuppe	V	1	1	1	-	500	
	Kolajanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	2000	
Karohalli	Karohalli	S&V	1	1	1	-	1200	Bangalore city & contonement
	Muduanaranhalli	S+V	1	1	0	-	300	Karohalli
	Konasandra	~~S+V~~ S	1	1	-	-		
	Thattekere	S	1	1	-	-		
	Kadjacksandra	S	1	1	-	-		Kannapura
	Kallanakuppe	S	1	1	-	-		
	Thudenhalli	V	1	1	1	-	100	
	Jerahalli	V	1	1	1	-	800	(illegible)

	Hullyondanahalli	H	1	1	1	300	
	Yerrapalliya	V	1	1	1	200	Kaggalahalli
	Jaddenahalli	V	1	1	1	200	Kaggalahalli
	Dyavasandra	V	1	1	1	300	Bangalore
	Attikuppe	V	1	1	1	80	
	Yattigahalli	V	1	1	1	60	
	Gadaranhalli	V	1	1	1	500	Kampura
	Thimmasandra	V	1	1	1	500	Bangalore Cantt
	Maralajere	V	1	1	1	300	Hardhalli
	Dodarakappalu	V	1	1	1	600	Closepet & Mudduvadi
Somanahalli	Somanahalli	S+V	1	1	1	300	
	Vuttari	S+V	1	1	1	200	Kaggalipura
	Kagaracharanahalli	S+V	1	1	1	100	
	Kaggalahalli	S+V	1	1	1	300	
	Akkalakalu	S+V	1	1	1	100	
	Gadiyalliya	S+V	1	1	-		
	Kaggalipura	S+V	1	1	-		
	Gubbadi	V	1	1	1	2000	Kaggalahalli
	Jattekuppe	V	1	1	1	200	
	Vettigui	V	1	1	1	100	
	Kavagondlu	V	1	1	1	200	
Maralavadi	Maralavadi	S+V	1	1	1	500	
	Terubedi	S	1	1	-		Maralavadi
	Godur	S	1	1	-	-	
	Maralalliddodi	S	1	1	-	-	
	Kampura	S+V	1	1	1	6000	Kampura
	Kechanahalli (Kelhanayaon's)	S	1	1	-		
	Kalandoddi	S	1	1	-	-	
	Padmanagere	S+V	1	1	1	2000	Padmanagere
	Thokkasandra	S	1	1	-		

Thimmakanahalli

	Chickamarala	V	1	1	1	-	50	
	Mullanahalli	V	1	1	1	-	500	
	Chicka Ballapura	V	1	1	1	-	100	
	Mallyamatha	V	1	1	1	-	500	
	Anchalli	V	1	1	1	-	100	
	Huramala	V	1	1	1	-	200	
Vengyanahalli	Mallahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Anchinda	S	1	1	-	-		
	Kokkichosahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Alahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Maralahekuppe	S	1	1	-	-		
	Narkunahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
Kodihalli	Kodihalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Chickakabbala	S	1	1	-	-		
	Alamatha	S	1	1	-	-		
	Bijjalahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Bannahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Hunsanhalli	S	1	1	-	-		
	Hosadurga	S	1	1	-	-		
	Kolagondanahalli	S	1	1	-	-		
Sathanoor	Sathanoor	S+V	1	1	1	-		
	Halasoor	~~S+V~~ S	1	1	-	-		
	Alahalli	do	1	1	-	-		
	Venkatarayara doddi	do	1	1	-	-		
	Jakkanadoddi	do	1	1	-	-		
	Medlimara	do	1	1	-	-		
			105	105	66	-	175889	
Grand Total		331	422	419	178	28	206208	

Gen. 30.

12 V.

189

From 13122

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

To Under

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the Government ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.

Dated 3rd Excise Department

Despatched 5th April 1895

Received

Enclosure No. 8

General No. 4148

No. 395

~~In reply to~~ This Office No. 4147

dated 2/5-4-95 394

SUBJECT.

Forwards with opinion copy of communications from the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, together with the original enclosures regarding remuneration to village officials in connection with 8/8c work.

Rev 6/4/95

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Submitted for orders

8

1574

SECTION 2

FILE No. 13122

SERIAL No.

V.

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore, 3rd/5th April 1895.

Enc: 0

No 4148/395

From,

(14)

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To.

The Under-Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise Department.

Sir,

With Office No 4147/394, dated 2nd/5th instant

In continuation of the above I have the honor to forward, herewith, copy of letters No.s 557/61, dated 20th November 1892, and 608/69, dated 5th December 1892, from the Deputy Commissioner Chitaldroog District, together with their original enclosures containing proposals for remunerating village officials in connection with Toddy work, and to state that my remarks and recommendations in my letter No 4095/386 dated 30th ultimo, regarding the Tumkur District, equally apply to the Chitaldroog District.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant

[illegible]
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

V.

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore, 3rd/5th April 1895.

Enc: 8

No 4148/395

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14

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in Mysore

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Government of Mysore
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I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant,

[signature]
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

P.O. 557/61. Enc 2.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Chitaldroog District.

Camp Hosadurga, 20th November 1

12-a

To.

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to Para 13 of the Government Proceedings No. 1019-2 Cir: 4 dated 12th April last as well as your docket No. 740-47/13, dated 30th July 1892, I have the honor to submit herewith 2 Statements one for Davan-agere and the other for Harihar indicating the remunerations proposed to be paid to the general village servants per work to be done by them in connection with the Toddy branch of the Excise Revenue. To meet this demand, I beg to suggest that 5 per cent of the aggregate Toddy Revenue may be set apart. This percentage I hope will not be considered high since a higher percentage is at present paid to Patels and Shanbogues alone for land revenue collections &c. I don't however propose to utilize the whole of the sum thus set apart at the commencement

2.

2. I have adopted a sliding scale ranging from 2 to ½ per cent in the case of Shanbogues and Patels and a uniform rate of 1 per cent in the case of toties. According to the number of shops and varams in each Taluk the result has been different in the two taluks as would be clear from a reference to the statements.

3. In the case of Patels and Shanbogues that have to supervise shops or varams only, lower rates have been provided for than in the case of those that have the supervision of shops and varams as indicated in the margin. I have also considered it necessary to fix minimum rates as regards these men so that they may have sufficient inducement to undertake the work with interest even though the revenue of the shops &c: may be at present very low. Paying them at a uniform percentage will give some of these men infinitely small sums and they may not care to do the work with zest

× up to 500 Rs at 1½ per cent
1000 Rs { for the 1st 500 Rs at 1½ per cent; for the 2nd 500 Rs at 1 per cent
Rs upwards of 1000 Rs { for the 1st 500 Rs at 1½ per cent; for the 2nd 500 Rs & 1 per cent upwards at 1000 Rs at ½ per cent

'x'.

up to 500 Rs. at 2 P.C
1000 Rs { for the 1st 500 Rs at 2 P.C.; for the 2nd 500 Rs at 1½ P.C
varams { for the 1st 500 Rs at 2 P.C.; for the 2nd 500 Rs at 1½ P.C.; for sums exceeding 1000 Rs at 1 P.C.

Patels and Shanbogues in charge of shops and varams — Rs. 1 in 100 — Rs. in charge of shops and varams for 4 in

Village servants in charge of villages varams —

4. The statements show that the amount of remuneration in the

case

case of Davanagere, amounts to little over 3 per cent; that of Hiriyu 4/4 per cent, in spite of the adoption of the same scale and that in proportion to the existence of a larger number of shops on vanam with small revenues the percentage will increase. On the whole it is no likely to exceed 4 per cent. The re-maining 1 per cent is proposed to be reserved for future contingencie

5. The informations as regards other Taluks are not complete, but I have not thought it necessary to post pone the submission of this proposition until they are collected If the proposition should meet with the approval of Government, Statements will be prepared in accordan with the above principles. If however any alterations are suggested the same would be adopted and final Statements submitted.

I have &c.
(Signed) B. G. Krishnaraya
Offg: Deputy Commissio
Chitaldroog District

Vp. 608/69. Ex. 5.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Chitaldroog District
Chitaldroog, 5th December 189

4.

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

In continuation of this office
No. 557/61, dated 20th ultimo, I have the
honour to forward herewith 5 state-
-ments for the Taluks noted in the
margin and to state that though
the percentage of remuneration in
the Chellakere Taluk has gone up to
high as 6·5 per cent, yet the percentage
for the whole District is only a little
over 4 per cent.

1. Chitaldroog
1. Chaliakere.
1 Jagalur.
1 Molkalmuru
1 Holalkere

I have &c.
(Signed) B. L. Venkatarangaiya
Abg. Deputy Commissioner

"Copy"
Illegible
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

83	L	Pilalee	249	2	4						4		4							4					
84	LI	Jodchalloor					475	5	10		10				1453	8	15		10	25			1928	13	20	2 at Rs 10 each
85	LII	Donehally	238		4						4		4							4					
86	LIII	Gajjajankally	218	9	4						4		4							4					
87	LIV	Marikunta	270	2	4						4		4							4					
88	LV	Shimmiannaikankota	401	13									6							6					
89		Gosekera	118	9	8						8		4							4					
90	LVI	Gorlathoo	437										7							7					
91		Belagere	532		12						12		8							8					
92	LVII	Rekalgera	274	2	4						4		4							4					
93	LVIII	Sankera					331	8	7		7								7	7			331	8	6	1 villaya servant
94	LIX	Gowrasamudra	560	12	8						8		8							8					
		"Jaggery ovens only"																							
1		Ramankota. 1 oven					102		5		5								5	5			102		3	1 villaya servant
2		Shimmakankally-1 oven					102		5		5								5	5			102		3	1 do
3		Valasay - 3 ovens					306		6		6								6	6			306		6	1 do
		"Vanas only"																							
1		Barmasagara													606	14	9			9			606	14	8	1 villaya servant
2		Bommasandra													2081	8	18			18			2081	8	20	2 do - at Rs 10 each
3		Gowrepura													599	5	8			8			599	5	8	1 do
4		Banavigowdankally													1275		14			14			1275		12	1 - do
5		Balanaikankota													1991	13	4			4			1991	13	3	1 - do
6		Hammanthankally													3011	7	23			23			3011	7	30	3 - do
7		Ruthrammankally													4285	15	29			29			4285	15	40	4 - do
8		Kackbornahally													1848	12	17			17			1848	12	20	2 - do
9		Joogoonookatta													910	12	10			10			910	12	10	1 - do

56	XXXIII	Kadatharhalli	571	14	8			8	8				8		
57	XXXIV	Bunjoorpet				257 12	5	13				5	5	257 12	3	1 village servant
58		Byadaraddihalli	335	2	8				5				5			
59		Chikkahalli	199	13					4				4			
60	XXXV	Arrahalli				246 7	5	5				5	5	246 7	3	1 village servant
61	XXXVI	Devaraddihalli				286 14	22	22				5	5	286 14	3	1 do
62		Bookamboodhi				133 14				5100	33	5	38	5233 14	50	5 do at Rs 10 each
63		Mallasamudra				567 6						11	11	567 6	8	1 do
64		Devarahalli				291 7				218 9	4	10	14	714	8	1 do
65		do - 2owers				204										
66	XXXVII	Basapura	309	12	8			8	5				5			
67		Kalemdevarkota	216	12					4				4			
68	XXXVIII	Mitlakatta	413		6			6	6				6			
69	XXXIX	Thimlapura	146	14	4			9	4				4			
70		Obannanhalli				255	5			2957 4	22	5	27	3212 4	30	3 village servants at Rs 10 each
71	XL	Mannevala				237 3	5	19		10095 3	58	5	63	10332	96	8 do at Rs 12 ea
72		Jannenhully	1264	13	14				14				14			
73	XLI	Bolenahally	298	11	4			9	4				4			
74		Kuradahalli				175 9	5					5	5	175 9	3	1 village servant
75	XLII	Doddabathihalli	285	15	4			4	4				4			
76	XLIII	Biruvala	347	1	5			5	5				5			
77	XLIV	Thupparaddihally	344	4	5			5	5				5			
78	XLV	Halgowranhally	225	4	4			4	4				4			
79	XLVI	Haravigowdanhally	450	8	7			7	7				7			
80	XLVII	Mahadevapura				392 6	8	8		14401	15	8	23	1832 7	20	2 do at Rs 10 ea
81	XLVIII	Kadahoode	247	12	4			4	4				4			
82	XLIX	Siddesvaradurga	471	7	7			7	7				7			

XI	Parsurampura	599	5	8				8	8					8				
XII	Chowloor	399	7	} 10				10	6					6				
	Sooranhally	332	15						5					5				
XIII	Chitranaikanhally				260	1	} 11	11		1955		17	5	22	2215	1	20	2 Village servants at ea
	Bogenhally				335	8				722	12	11	7	18	1058	4	10	1 - do
XIV	Neralkunta	357		5				} 23	} 5	102		4		9	102		3	1 - do
	- do - oven				102		} 18											
	Katrakenhally				357													
	- do - 2 ovens				204					828	12	11	} 11	22	1389	12	12	1 - do
	Sippanikota				210	6							5	5	210	6	3	1 - do
	Varavoo				123	13							5	5	123	13	3	1 - do
XV	Gottaparthy				1094	10	} 20	} 25		847	1	11	20	31	1941	11	20	2 - do - at Rs 10 each
	Do - 2 ovens				204													
	Hosoor	307	14	5					5					5				
XVI	Giriammanhally				44	11												

Statement showing the Remuneration proposed to be paid to Village Establishment, Conservancy of Vanas and collection of Toddy Revenue of the Challakera, Taluk for the year 1892-93 - Revenue Rs 35193-3-0

Serial number	Shanbogues Circle number	Names of villages where Toddy shops, Jaggery ovens or Vanas exist	Remuneration to the Shanbogues for: Shops only — Revenue of the shops	Shops only — Remuneration proposed	Shops and Vanas — Revenue of the shops	Shops and Vanas — Remuneration proposed	Total Remuneration to each Circle Shanboguee	Remuneration to the Potels for: Shops only — Remuneration proposed	Vanas only — Revenue of the shops outstills with the Toddy Vanam	Vanas only — Remuneration proposed	Shops and vanas only — Remuneration proposed	Total Remuneration to each Potel	Remuneration to Police and Talaries — Revenue of the shops outstills with Toddy Vanam to the Surgeon concerned by village servants	Remuneration proposed	(illegible)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	I	Challakera	"	"	1330	19	21	21	"	"	1070	50	5511	5	50 to village servants @ Rs 1 each
2	II	Torlakalla	280	8	4	"	"	"	4	"	"	4	"	"	
3		Boodankatty	—	—	—	—	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
4		do- oven			102	8	12	"	"	"	8	8	382	6	1 Village Servant
5	III	Duggavara	"	"	127	8	5	5	"	"	5	16	1002	10	1 do
6	IV	Somaguddoo	"	"	526	12	10	—	1349	14	10	24	1876	16	2 do at 8 Rs each
7		Hottappanhally	293	4	4	"	"	14	4	"	"	4	—	—	
8		Kunnerhally	—	Shop shut											
9	V	Lakshmipura	"	"	238	4	5	5	"	1273	14	5	19	16	2 do at 8 Rs each.
10	VI	Raddihally	682	2	9	"	9	9	"	"	"	9	1512	16	
11	VII	Ganjoogunta	255	"				4	—	—	—	4	—	—	
12		Gopenhally	682	2	12	"	12	9	"	"	"	9	"	"	
13	VIII	Dodderi	828	12	11	"	11	11	"	"	"	11	"	"	
14	IX	Myfanhole	"	"	186	3	5		535	8	5	13	721	8	1 Village servant.
15		Gudihalli	535	8	8	"	13	8	"	"	"	8	"	"	

Gen. 30.] 15 189

SECTION 21

FILE No. 124 (22)-2

SER'AL No. 12

From *The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.*

To The Excise Comr in Mysore

Dated 23rd April 95

Despatched

Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 18321
No. R 2682.

This Office No. 15339
dated 18th March R 2207 1895

re. proposals for the grant of remuneration to Village officials in connection with Toddy work

~~and subsequent reminder marginally noted.~~

Has the honor to draw attention to the above and to request ~~an early reply thereto.~~ the early submission of the proposals of the Deputy Commrs of Kolar & Mysore Districts, ~~by~~ forwarded with this C/ no. ~~enclosures~~ thereon, as the matter has been long pending disposal

23-4-95

By order,

for Secy to Govt 23/4/95
Under-Secretary.

M.G.C.P.B.—3-12-94—1000

23/4

Gen. 30.]

1895 14742

From R4069

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

Under
The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
Government ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.

SECTION 211 Dated 30 April 1895.
FILE No. 13477-2 Despatched
SERIAL No. 12 19 Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 4547
No. 435

In reply to Offg: Chief Secretary's Docket No. 18521 / R. 2682, dated 23rd / 29th instant.

SUBJECT.

States that the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Mysore have been called upon to submit their proposals for the grant of remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy Work.

Rev 3/5

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

8/5

7/5/95

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. 4547/435 Bangalore, 30th April 1895.

2-5-5

8 16

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Under Secretary to the
Government of Mysore
Excise Department.

Sir,

In reply to Officiating Chief Secretary's docket No. 185-21/R. 2682 dated 23rd instant, I have the honor to state that the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar and Mysore have been called upon to submit very early, their proposals for the grant of remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant.

L Rickets
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

R4069

Gen. 30.]

REVENUE DEPARTMENT
Gl. No. 2829
No. 24. 158.
1895 SEP. 95
DEWAN'S OFFICE.

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

Revenue
The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
~~Government~~ ~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.

SECTION 2R
FILE No. 13 9/1895-6
SERIAL No. ~~1/C~~ 13

Dated 23d September 1895
Despatched 24 do
Received

Enclosure No. 1
General No. 1429
No. 147

In ~~reply to~~ continuation of this office letter dated: 454/435, dated

SUBJECT.

30th April / 2nd May / 1895, forwarding copy of Communication from the Deputy Commissioner Mysore District and stating that under the circumstances therein mentioned increased remuneration is needed for village officials in connection with Toddy Revenue.

Recd 25-9-95
Dewan's Office

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Encl:

No. 1429
147

Excise Commissioner's office
Dated Bangalore 23d September
24/1895.

17

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Revenue Secretary
to the Government of Mysore.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter
No: 4547/435, dated 30th April 1895/2nd May 1895,
I have the honor to forward herewith,
copy of docket No: 568, dated 17th
September 1895, from the Deputy
Commissioner, Mysore District, and
to state that under the circumstances
therein mentioned, no remuneration
is needed for village officials in
connection with Toddy Revenue.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
your most obedient servant

J Ricketts
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

17/a

From The Deputy Commissioner
of the Mysore District

To The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Dated 17th September 1895.

Despatches

No. 568.

Sir

I have No. 4548/222, dated the 30th April 1895, and subsequent reminders ending with his docket No. 1252-3/69 of the 13th September 1895, calling for proposals for remunerating the village officials in connection with Toddy work

---

I beg to state that a Statement showing the village officials proposed to be employed in connection with toddy work in the taluks of the Mysore District has been sent with this office docket No. 1552 of the 19th March 1894. The Amildars were called upon to state what work they had done and what remuneration they would propose. From the reports received it is found that none did any work such as to deserve reward.

9— As the Toddy Vend farmers pay their Rents direct into the taluk ——— treasuries or through the Abkarri Inspectors, no collection work is done either by the Patáls or Shanbogues.

(Sd) B. K. Venkatavardengar
Dy Commissioner

Copy
Ricketts
Excise Commissioner

Gen. 30.]

189

From

The ~~Chief~~ Rev. Secretary to the

Dewan of Mysore,

SECTION C.R.

FILE No. 134 89-5

SERIAL No. —

To The Excise Comm^r in Mysore

Dated 23/9/95

Despatched

Received

General No. 15 (camp) V

No. Ex.

Enclosure No.

This Office No. 15339 R 2207 dated 18th March 1895 regarding proposals for the grant of remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work and his letter 435 & 437 stating that the Dy. Comms of Mysore and Kolar have been called upon to submit their proposals

185'21 / R2682 of 23rd April/95

and subsequent reminder marginally noted.

Has the honor to draw attention to the above and to request ~~an early reply thereto.~~ the early submission of the proposals of the Deputy Commissioners of Kolar & Mysore. ~~By order,~~ Districts with Excise Comm^r's remarks thereon as the matter has been long pending disposal

~~Under-Secretary.~~

By Order

23/9

Under Secretary

M.G.C.P.B—20-9-94—1000

Gen. 30.]

REVENUE DEPARTMENT
Gl. No. 2933
No. 166
1895
7 OCT. 95
DEWAN'S OFFICE.

19

19

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

SECTION Ex.
FILE No. 139 1895-6
SERIAL No. 14

To Revenue

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the Government
~~Dewan~~ of Mysore.

Dated 1st October 1895.

Despatched 3.10.95

Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 1496
No. 154

Excise
Deputy Regd
2-10-95

In reply to the Revenue Secretary's No: 15 Camp Excise, *dated* 23rd *September* 95

SUBJECT.

States that the report of the Mysore District, regarding remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work, has been submitted with this office No: 1429/147, dated 23rd/24 September 1895.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

Excise Commissioner's Office

No. 1496/154 Bangalore, 1st/3 October 1895.

19

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To,

The Revenue Secretary to the
Government of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to your docket No: 15 Camp Excise dated 23rd September 1895, (received to day) I have the honor to state that the report of the Mysore District, regarding remuneration to village Officials in connection with Toddy work, has been submitted with my letter No: 1429/147, dated 23rd/24 September 1895.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

C. Watts

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

WE

Exise.]

22 1896 594

EXCISE

From

The Excise Commr
in Mysore

TION 811

No. 130 [illegible] To

AL No. [illegible]

The Secy. to the Govt. of Mysore,

Revenue & General Depts.

Dated 21st
Despatched 22nd July 189[illegible]
Received
General No. 461
No. 57
Enclosure No. 3

In ~~reply to~~ continuation of this Offs
No. 1429 dated the 23rd September
147 SUBJECT 24

Forwards copy of communic
received from the Deputy
Commissioner Kolar Distr
together with its origina
enclosures containing
proposals for remunerating
village officials in connec
with Toddy work.,

Rev
23.7.96

References (to be entered only in Dewan's Office.)

161/57

Bangalore, 21st/22nd

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore

Sir,

In continuation of my
letter No. 1429/147 dated the 23rd/24 Sept
1895, I have the honor to forward
herewith, copy of docket No. 217/142 dated
the 25th June/13th July 1895 received from the
Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District,
together with its original enclosure
containing proposals for remuneration to
village officials in connection
with Toddy work and to state my
remarks and recommendations
in my letter No. 4095/386 dated the
30th March 1895 regarding the Tumkur
District, equally apply to the Kolar
District.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
your most obedient Servant

B. Rice
Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

1896

22/a

From.

The Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

To The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

Dated 25th June / 13th July 1896.

No. 217/142

Enclosures 2.

His No. 1636 dated 4th October 1894 calling for a Statement anent remuneration to the village Servants in connection with the preservation of date trees.

With reference to the above has the honor to transmit herewith a Statement showing the remuneration proposed to be paid to the village Servants and the approximate number of trees they have to conserve

2. The above remuneration has been fixed as per Scale noted in

in the list annexed.

3. A maximum of Rs 60 seems to be a fair sum in the case of Patels having charge of vanams containing 40,000 trees and more, but the No. of Jothies may be fixed with due regard to the extent of each vanam their maximum pay being 12 Rs each.

(Signed) Abdul Azeez
For Deputy Commissioner

Copy. M Murugesa
Excise Commissioner
in Trichy

Scale list of remuneration to be paid per annum to Pakels and Tokies in connection with the preservation of date trees.

Number of trees	Remuneration proposed for the Pakli	Remuneration proposed to the Tokie	Remarks.
1 to 250	3 . .	2 . .	
250 to 500	6 . .	4 . .	
500 to 1000	8 . .	5 . .	
1000 to 2000	10 . .	6 . .	
2000 to 5000	12 . .	8 . .	
5000 to 10000	18 . .	12 . .	
10000 to 20000	24 . .	Two Tokies on 9 Rs each	
20000 to 30000	36 . .	Three Tokies on Rs 9 each	
30000 to 40000	48 . .	Three Tokies on Rs 12 each	
40000 & upwards	60 . .	Four Tokies on Rs 12 each.	

11th July 1896

For Dy Commissioner

Bowringpett Taluq:

Bowringpett	Hernahutti	35					
	Chikballapur Taluq						
Periasandra	Periasandra	112	3	.	.	2	. .
Mondikal	Dorrabovi	30	.	.	.	.	. .
		Total.	3	-	.	2	. .
	Bagepalli Taluq						
Goolur	Goolur	481	6	.	.	4	. .
Jenocherlu	Jenocherlu	375	6	.	.	4	- .
	Mallasidipalli	150	3	.	.	2	. .
Somonhalli	Somonhutti	276	6	.	.	4	. .
	Katenhutti	361	6	.	.	4	. .
	Kammadike	357	6	.	.	4	. .
	Dodanarjarlu	200	3	.	.	2	. .
	Chikkadajarlu	140	3	.	.	2	. .
Gudebanda	Gudebanda	62	3	.	.	2	. .
			42	-	.	28	. .

Seloghatta	Kanasanhulli	188	3	.	.	2	.	.
Chikkalnerpu	Toolvanor	48	.			.		
Gangisuntra	Settinaikkanhulli	205	3	.	.	2	.	.
Sadli	Sonjanhalli	90	3	.	.	2	.	.
do	Kotgal	87	3	.	.	2	.	.
do	Kamankhalli	88	3	.	.	2	.	.
		Total	15	.	.	10	.	.
	Chintami Talung.							
Irgampalli	Goatpolya	825	8	.	.	5	.	.
do	Pasalnaikanpolya	130	3	.	.	2	.	.
do	Merrigankally	140	3	.	.	2	.	.
do	Lakkipolly	747	8	.	.	5	.	.
do	Kapally	92	3	.	.	2	.	.
Kumpanpalli	Kagaraj Hosahully	75	3	.	.	2	.	.
Hurgamale	Karinainpally	344	6	.	.	4	.	.
do	Kothapatna	360	6	.	.	4	.	.
Addagal	Byrgampally	498	6	.	.	4	.	.
do	Bommareddipally	254	6	.	.	4	.	.
do	Narsinpally	592	8	.	.	5	.	.
do	Poolgottapally	359	6	.	.	4	.	.

Do	Nakalvarpalli	108	3	.	.	2	.	.
Do	Pattoor	217	3	.	.	2	.	.
Do	Gowripalli	563	8	.	.	5	.	.
Do	Kadirapalli	1131	10	.	.	6	.	.
Do	Kotikallur	231	3	.	.	2	.	.
Selvankii	Kottapetta	211	3	.	.	2	.	.
Rayalpod	Kadirinpally	189	3	.	.	2	.	.
Do	Thummalpalli	103	3	.	.	2	.	.
		Total	102	.	.	66	.	.
	Mulbagal Talug							
Kasaba	Bevahalli	295	6	.	.	4	.	.
Do	Narandahalli	1805	10	.	.	6	.	.
Do	Kappalmadugu	1369	10	.	.	6	.	.
Do	Shrinugapura	765	8	.	.	5	.	.
Do	Inchalur	135	3	.	.	2	.	.
Kangli	Vadavahalli	1575	10	.	.	6	.	.
	Anchalli	750	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Siddagatta	455	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Talikalu	150	3	.	.	2	.	.
Mallinaikanhalli	Belgankalli	385	6	.	.	4	.	.
Do	Veganadugu	265	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Kospurhalli	90	3	.	.	2	.	.
Byrakur	Byrakur	500	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Tondahalli							

Avani	Avani	400	6	.	.	4	.	.
Yeldur	Algankalli	350	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Bofanur	253	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Veradapura Rapandihalli	120	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Koladévi	904	8	.	.	5	.	.
Duggasandra	Duggasandra	575	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Mukalli	864	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Kurudumale	407	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Hundikal	713	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Gattahalli	99	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Sungasandra	1024	10	.	.	6	.	.
		Total	162	.	.	103	.	.
	Gonibidnur Talug							
Darmaikanpolly	Subbaiahalli	578	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Virpasandra	140	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Kadapura	2813	12	.	.	8	.	.
	Gowdasandra	187	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Tukasandra	161	3	.		.		
	Kadradevarahalli	88	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Yernagandahalli	375	6	.	.	4	.	.

Gowribidnur Talug

Katenkal	806	8	.	.	5	.	.
Battra hudur	273	6	.	.	4	.	.
Hulikunta	172	3	.	.	2	.	.
Bramarahally	67	3	.	.	2	.	.
Puttiafordenthimma	150	3	.	.	2	.	.
Gobburapura	88	3	.	.	2	.	.
Sarafondla	150	3	.	.	2	.	.
Surkaikanhalli	105	3	.	.	2	.	.
Hudugoor	100	3	.	.	2	.	.
Karadapura	95	3	.	.	2	.	.
Bychapura	362	6	.	.	4	.	.
Manivala	5-365	18	.	.	12	.	.
Goolganhalli	416	6	.	.	4	.	.
Byshreddehalli	52	3	.	.	2	.	.
Poolmakkahalli	140	3	.	.	2	.	.
Tokkahalli	106	3	.	.	2	.	.
Chinkkahalli	74	3	.	.	2	.	.
Kirindanhalli	57	3	.	.	2	.	.
Tippoorganhalli	150	3	.	.	2	.	.
Rakkahalli	1678	10	.	.	6	.	.
Gollagunta	343	6	.	.	4	.	.
Matadgollahalli	2700	12	.	.	8	.	.
Chinchanhalli	76	3	.	.	2	.	.
Vothumalhalli	72	3	.	.	2	.	.

Nagarapere	Nagarapere	1643	10 . .	6 . .			
	Chenboyanahulli	2300	12 . .	8 . .			
	Chiapnovahally	382	6 . .	4 . .			
	Kumthoolahally	164	3 . .	2 . .			
	Inakonhalli	93	3 . .	2 . .			
	Bundadahulli	110	3 . .	2 . .			
	Julacunta	9006	18 . .	12 . .			
	Payundahalli	342	6 . .	4 . .			
	Kittavalahalli	69	3 . .	2 . .			
	Vatavahasahalli	48830	60 . .	48 .		4 Lottus on Ro 12 each	
	Sadorlahulli	20473	36 . .	27 . .		3 Lottus on Ro 9 each	
	Lutchmmaporatinna	4000	12 . .	8 . .			
	Kasarjollahulli	6088	18 . .	12 . .			
	Srenivaspurathinna	2477	12 . .	8 . .			
	Kothur	1461	10 . .	6 . .			
	Sreenivaspura	684	8 . .	5 . .			
	Soldettihulli	412	6 . .	4 . .			
	Gedagunhulli	1040	10 . .	6 . .			
Munchepally	Varavani	22284	36 . .	27 . .		Three Lottus on Ro 9 each	
Budejanhalli	Budejanhalli	55	3 . .	2 . .			
	Vishunghalli	243	3 . .	2 . .			
	Munchepalli	86	3 . .	2 . .			
	Gundlahally	83	3 . .	2 . .			

	Belthurandankalli	103	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Ramagondlu	469	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Ka Handa	403	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Bissalahally	245	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Poorah	1930	10	.	.	6	.	.
	Gowdigere	839	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Hallakalli	4838	12	.	.	8	.	.
	Nagralhair	275	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Chennagankulli	3183	12	.	.	8	.	.
	Coperkhally	2648	12	.	.	8	.	.
Thondebhavi	Bassapura	510	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Pothenhulli	466	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Cherkinalankulli	186	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Boomenhulli	3975	12	.	.	8	.	.
	Thondebhavi	1627	10	.	.	6	.	.
	Kamlapura	758	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Kadradevarahalli	1278	10	.	.	6	.	.
	Kulnaikankalli	387	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Belthure	88	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Yerakunta	3493	12	.	.	8	.	.
	Kullabere	973	8	.	.	5	.	.
	Thimmankalli	334	6	.	.	4	.	.

	Bevinhally	1330	10	.	.	6	.	.	
	Chundrahalli	5410	18	.	.	12	.	.	
	Chikkmullakere	2765	12	.	.	8	.	.	
	Kumbalahalli	154	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Belekunta Kipura	9620	18	.	.	12	.	.	
	Kuthinaikunhalli	5670	18	.	.	12	.	.	
Gowidnur	Halsonhalli	49759	60	.	.	48	.	.	4 Pattis on Rs 12 each
5	Subbrayenhalli	12835	24	.	.	18	.	.	2 do on Rs 9 each
	Kadirenhalli	12921	24	.	.	18	.	.	do — do
	Doda Kurugodu	951	8	.	.	5	.	.	
	Kudumalu Kunda	166	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Huthivathi Kayalwara	459	6	.	.	4	.	.	
	Chikk Kurugode	2467	12	.	.	8	.	.	
	Lolagur	2755	12	.	.	8	.	.	
	Chendundur	3628	12	.	.	8	.	.	
	Bheemanhally	61	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Madenhally	366	6	.	.	4	.	.	
	Udumlodd	67	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Karikalhalli	146	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Gungasundra	166	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Irabidnur	515	8	.	.	5	.	.	
	Gatagamapura	75	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Sajenhalli	155	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Chikkegere	215	3	.	.	2	.	.	
	Kumbrahally	2228	12	.	.	8	.	.	

	Bommsandra	318	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Venkore	5-3	3	-	.	2	-	.
	Narsimmanhalli	389	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Halkur	345-	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Kachmachenhalli	188	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Irindyanhally	827	8	.	.	5-	.	.
	Kumbachikanhalli	456	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Vadelavanee	434	6	.	.	4	.	.
	Devarahalli	173	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Durmanshettahalli	927	8	.	.	5-	.	.
	Kamayanhalli	6703	18	.	.	12	.	.
	Gettra	16773	24	.	.	18	.	.
	Vondapura	7678	18	.	.	12	-	.
	Hullasandra	9085-	18	.	.	12	-	.
	Sunjanhalli	1936	10	-	.	6	-	.
Hosoor	Kachi Kunta	236	3	.	.	2	-	.
	Yerapothenhalli	235-	3	-	.	2	.	.
	Kadsanhalli	684	8	.	.	5-	.	.
	Muralur	153-	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Bakkharhalli	9057	18	.	.	12	.	.
	Hallalperhalli	91	3	.	.	2	.	.
	Hosalberhalli	924	8	.	.	5		

Two Totties on Rs 9 each

Gundlupet Taluq.

Veeragollahulli	3982	12	.	.	8	.	.		
Pandyanahally	4072	12	.	.	8	.	.		
Boudsettihalli	5-113	18	.	.	12	.	.		
Gundopura	1159	4	.	.	1	.			
Kadalavane	152	3	.	.	2	.	.		
Kurodi	3099	12	.	.	8	.	.		
Thrinagunta	558	8	.	.	5	.	.		
Singanhulli	721	8	.	.	5	.	.		
Soundsettihally	283	6	.	.	4	.	.		
Konayanhulli	119	3	.	.	2	.	.		
Kadavalahalli	1036	10	.	.	6	.	.		
Jandahu	6708	18	.	.	12	.	.		
Devasundra	3067	12	.	.	8	.	.		
Agsattara Hossahalli	9568	18	.	.	12	.	.		
Kondavalahalli	477	6	.	.	4	.	.		
Hunsakunta	687	8	.	.	5	.	.		
Ampasundra	1778	10	.	.	6	.	.		
Hosekota	35353	48	.	.	36	.	.	3 Totis on Rs 9 each	
Anodi	9053	18	.	.	12	.	.		
Sonyanhulli	28557	36	.	.	27	.	.	3 Totis on Rs 9 each	
Hachenhulli	781	8	.	.	5	.	.		
Emdijere	227	3	.	.	1	.	.		
Hosur	234	5	.	.	2	.	.		
Ramapura	1736	10	.	.	6	.	.		

	1313 . .	939 . .	
Kulan Hill.			
Grand Total.	1749 . .	1181 . .	2930

Dy Commissioner's Office
Kolar District
11th July 1896.

for Dy Commissioner
Kolar District.

Gen 30.

No. 713
Ex. 61
27 JUL.
23 1896
DEWAN'S O

From

SECTION 8M

FILE No. 134 Cy. C

SERIAL No. X 16 To

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

The ~~Chief~~ Secretary to the
Government ~~Bombay~~ of Mysore.

Dated 24th July 1896.

Despatched 25th July 1896.

Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 527

No. 61

In reply to Docket No 744
Ex: 38

dated the 21st instant.

Reminder.
Destroyed
MR

SUBJECT.

States that the proposal for the grant of remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work in the Kolar District were submitted with this office letter No 461-57 dated the 21st/22nd instant.

Rec'd Dep 23.7.96

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

29/7

Submitted with memo
DD 15/9/96
24/9/96

Excise Commissioner's Office.

No. 527

Bangalore, 24th/25th July 1896.

From,

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To,

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore

Sir,

In reply to your docket No. 1744 Ex: 38, dated the 21st instant, I have the honor to state that the proposals for the grant of remuneration to village officials in connection with Toddy work in the Kolar District were submitted with my letter No 461/57, dated the 21st/22nd instant.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

P. Narasimha

Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

Draft replies

To (24)

SECTION 8K
FILE No. 134 1897-J
SERIAL No. 1713 to No

The Excise Commr
in Mysore

8878.
Ex. 346.
Dated 19 March 1898
19.

Correspondence ending
with the Excise Commrs letter no 527/61 & 24 dd
July 1896 regarding the proposals
for the grant of remuneration to
village officials in connection
with the toddy work.

With reference to the
above has the honour to request
that the Excise Commr will be
so good as to report how the
tree tax system with the agency
now employed to work it, will
affect the proposals made by
him in the above and that,
should he consider that any
modified proposals are ne-
cessary, the same may be
submitted after consultation
with the Dy Commrs of Dists

"B O"
17/3/98

15/3/98

for Secretary

1213

Ex 373.

Gen. 30.]

1898

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore.

25

SECTION 8N
FILE No. 127 1891-2
SERIAL No. 1/18

To

The Chief Secretary to the Govt of mysore
General & Rev Dewan of Mysore. Department

Dated 26th March 1898

Despatched

Received

Enclosure No.

General No. 7069
No. 332

In reply to Secretary's No. 8878, Ex, dated 19th instant.

SUBJECT.

States that as under the Free-tax System a large staff of petty officers has been organized, the special help of village officials for the Conservancy of date groves is not required, and therefore the necessity for granting them remuneration for such work has ceased to exist

Ex

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office.)

11/4/98

Rev 4-9-98

Submitted for orders as to whether this may be recorded

11/4/98

11-4-98

dft 12.4.98

No 7064
332

Excise Commissioner's Office
Bangalore, dated 26th March
1893.

49.4/78

From

The Excise Commissioner
in Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore
General and Revenue Department

Sir,

In reply to your docket No 8878/Ex 346
dated 19th instant, I have the honor to State
that as under the Free tax system a large staff
of petty officers has been organized, the special
help of village officials for the conservancy
of date groves is not required, and therefore
the necessity for granting them remuneration
for such work, has ceased to exist.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

Excise Commissioner

Read:— (26)

Letter no 7069/332 & 26th March 1898 from the Excise Commr in Mysore, stating with reference to this office no 88/Ex 3 & 19th idem, that, as under the bree tax system a large staff of petty officers has been organized the special help of village officers for the conservancy of date trees is not required, and that therefore the necessity for granting them remuneration for such work, has ceased to exist.

No 9791 & 13/4/98.
Ex 392. 13.

Order thereon:—

Recorded.

12/4/98
Jr Secretary

WB
12/4/98

To the Excise Commr